A knowledge-based assistant for valve maintenance planning

by

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Signatures have been redacted for privacy

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## I. INTRODUCTION

#### A. Statement of the Problem

Electric utilities in the U.S. are looking for ways to improve the safety, performance, and economics of their operating nuclear plants. A new computer programming technique, called knowledge-based or expert systems, may be one method for bringing about these improvements. Expert system programming is one subset of the artificial intelligence research field. Other parts of this field include robotics, machine vision, and natural language understanding.

By developing useful expert system applications for operating plants, the nuclear industry would again be moving toward the forefront of high technology. During the early years, nuclear power rivalled space exploration and the military as an innovator of new technologies. The industry has not moved much since then, because of overcautious management and overconservative regulations. A successful initiative into a revolutionary area such as artificial intelligence may help reestablish the nuclear industry in the forefront of technology, by offering new ideas for operating, maintaining, and controlling nuclear power plants.

This paper describes a project which could be part of such an initiative. The project is a knowledge-based demonstration program to assist maintenance engineers in maintenance planning for motor-operated valves. Small applications of this type are promising because they

minimize requirements for valuable expert consultation time and can be rapidly developed. Also, a maintenance application addresses the needs of today's aging plants. To aid in understanding the programming techniques used in this project, some of the fundamental expert system concepts and terms are explained in the following section.

#### B. Background on Expert Systems

The source of this background material is Harmon and King (1). Throughout this paper, the terms "expert system," "knowledge system," and "knowledge-based system," are used interchangeably. The term "expert system," as used here, is not restricted to systems which perform at the level of a human expert, as it is in some contexts.

Dr. Edward Feigenbaum of Stanford University, a pioneer in expert systems research, defined an expert system as:

". . . an intelligent computer program that uses knowledge and inference procedures to solve problems that are difficult enough to require significant human expertise for their solution. Knowledge necessary to perform at such a level, plus the inference procedures used, can be thought of as a model of the expertise of the best practitioners in the field."

Although this definition implies that expert systems can only be applied to expert problems, the crucial function of an expert system is stated explicitly: an expert system "uses knowledge and inference procedures to solve problems."

In contrast, conventional programs utilize complex, but welldefined and predictable, algorithms to process large amounts of low-

level data. In this context, expert systems can be thought of as processing high-level information, using ill-defined, inexact procedures, which are modeled after human problem-solving procedures. This comparative definition may be more useful to conventional programmers in comprehending the problem-solving role of expert systems.

A generic expert system architecture is shown in Figure 1. The subsystems and interfaces depicted below will now be described briefly.

The knowledge of a human expert is stored in a knowledge base. This knowledge can be implemented in different forms, with the predominant form being IF-THEN rules (productions). A multitude of data types have been developed for storing the information in a knowledge base, including frames and slots, object-attribute-value triplets, nodes and links, and others. Expert, rule-of-thumb knowledge typically consists of conditional relations between these data types, as shown in the following example.

IF	Condition A
AND	Condition B
OR	Condition C
THEN	Conclusion D
ELSE	Conclusion E

In this example, A, B, etc represent facts or relations which are interdependent. Facts A, B, and C are called antecedents, while D and E are referred to as conclusions of the rule. Structuring knowledge in this form allows a computer program to mimic human reasoning by inferring new facts from existing ones.



FIGURE 1. The architecture of a generic knowledge-based expert system (1)

All of the facts which are known at a certain point in a consultation session are stored in what is called a working memory. The working memory is continually updated as new facts become known, possibly through rule inferences or from direct user input. This information is cleared whenever a new consultation is begun.

The inference engine controls execution and inferencing in a knowledge-based program. With a production system, two different methods of inferencing are possible: forward chaining and backward chaining. In a forward chaining (also called data driven) system, an initial set of facts, or data, is used to infer new facts by executing appropriate rules. For example, if A, B, and C in the above example rule are known, then either conclusion D or E can be inferred. This technique is useful for problems which have many ill-defined solutions, because many different solutions can be pursued simultaneously. In contrast, backward chaining (or goal driven) systems begin by assuming a final or root goal, and then attempt to verify this goal by determining the truth value of antecedents in rules which conclude the goal. If these antecedents are also conclusions in other rules, then they become sub-goals in the process. The program asks the user a question when a required fact is not concluded in any rule. This information is then propagated down the constructed rule chain to determine if the root goal is actually supported by the evidence. If not, the next goal is selected and the process is begun again. Backward chaining works well for problems which have a limited number of known, well-defined solutions, since the search space can be rapidly reduced.

Another knowledge system component shown in Figure 1 is a knowledge acquisition subsystem. The sophistication of this component covers a broad range: from simple editors for entering new rules and relations into a knowledge base, to induction algorithms for building rules from

examples of decisions made by experts, to well-developed graphics tool kits for building models of physical systems interactively on the screen. Regardless of the method employed, the knowledge acquisition subsystem enables the knowledge engineer to transform an expert's knowledge into a useable form for the inference engine.

An integral part, and one of the defining features, of any knowledge system is an explanation facility. Transparency, traceability, and explainability are vital attributes of an expert system, because the user will only trust a proposed solution if the reasoning steps can be examined, much as asking a human expert for explanation. Again, the explanation capabilities of present programs cover a wide range.

The final component depicted in Figure 1 is the user interface. This component is one of the most important, since it heavily influences whether or not a system will actually be used. A user interface is simply a communication link between the person requiring advice and the expert's knowledge residing in the computer. The key attributes for a user interface are ease of use and transparency to the consultation session being developed by the inference engine.

This general background on knowledge systems should provide a basic understanding of the concepts and terminology used in he remainder of this paper, which is outlined in the following section.

## C. Scope

Chapter II contains a literature review of previous work done within the scope of the topics covered in this thesis. First, the history and importance of valve maintenance in nuclear power plants is reported. Then, a review of efforts in expert system developments is presented, with a focus on systems most similar to the present study.

Valve maintenance planning is explored in Chapter III. The topics covered include: the valve maintenance planning process, a description of the items which must be evaluated for a typical maintenance planning case, and a discussion of the potential benefits of computerizing maintenance planning.

In Chapter IV, the steps in development of the valve maintenance planning assistant are outlined, including: criteria used for selecting the application problem and the development tool, the methods used for eliciting knowledge from maintenance planners, and the techniques used to structure this knowledge within INSIGHT2+ (the expert system development tool used in this work).

The results of this study are summarized in Chapter V. First, the organization of the program is presented, with reference to implemented functions. Then, a walk-through of an example consultation session is provided, including the actual screens a user would see. Also presented are plans for evaluating and validating the program, which include the capability to run a series of test cases in batch mode.

Conclusions and suggestions are given in Chapter VI. Finally, the valve maintenance planning program source and all supporting Pascal programs are listed in Appendices A and B.

#### II. LITERATURE REVIEW

Two distinct topics form integral parts of this investigation: maintenance of motor-operated valves (MOVs) in nuclear power plants, and expert or knowledge system applications. A review of past work in both of these topics is helpful in understanding the project described in this paper, the project being a knowledge-based MOV maintenance planning assistant.

A. Review of Valve Maintenance Literature

The first part of this review covers valve maintenance; the reader is referred to Chapter III for a more complete discussion of valve maintenance technical terms which pertain to this study.

Valve maintenance comprises a substantial portion (30%) of the U.S. nuclear industry's annual maintenance budget (2). In addition, valve problems cost an estimated \$100 million per year in loss of plant availability (3). These numbers indicate that valve maintenance is a potential area for major reductions in nuclear power plant operating costs.

A Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) investigation (4) of valve operator events (compiled from Licensee Event Reports, LERs) identified motor operators as the greatest single type (43%) of operator in the study sample. The predominance of motor operators among valve operator events is probably due to the complexity of a MOV system, which includes a control circuitry with limit switches, torque switches and associated sensors.

More than a dozen studies have been conducted in the past ten years on MOV problems (5). The subjects of these studies include torque switch failure, clutch component wear, limit switch gear lubricant, improper operator sizing, and improper switch settings. The results of these studies pointed out the need for more effective and consistent valve maintenance practices in the nuclear power industry.

In response to these investigations into MOV problems, a special session titled, "The Impact of Valves on Plant Operations and Plant Availabilities: Problems and Solutions," was sponsored by the American Nuclear Society's (ANS) Reactor Operations Division at the June 1985 ANS annual meeting. One of the papers at the session (3) described several projects being sponsored by the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI) with the following objectives:

- to develop equipment designs that will achieve performance requirements and be less prone to failure than existing designs
- 2. to extend the period between required maintenance
- to improve maintainability so that a normally qualified work force can effectively perform the needed task

Brown (6), of the NRC, reported on his investigations of MOV events. He offered the following suggestions for addressing valve operability problems:

- Develop improved methods and procedures for the setting of torque switches, and evaluate them relative to valve operability and functional qualification under accident conditions.
- Develop signature tracing techniques to obtain limit switch/torque switch actuation set points, with the objectives of using these techniques as an indicator of

changes in operability characteristics and a predictor of the remaining margin to failure.

Charbonneau (7) described his company's MOVATS-2000 signature testing diagnostic system. During a valve cycle, this portable testing device measures and records the relative or actual valve stem thrust, the time and actuation of all control switches, and the dynamic motor current. This valve cycle signature trace can then be analyzed to determine mechanical and electrical degradations of the MOV. Initial testing of 132 MOVs (primarily with no failure history) identified sixteen degradation categories with 0.7% to 36% of the tested valves listed in each category.

Paul and VanScooter (2) discussed their work in addressing inadequate maintenance practices, which they claim is probably the greatest contributor to the overall valve problem in the industry. They have developed a one week curriculum for valve maintenance training, which consists of both class room and lab instruction. Industry feedback from field tests of this curriculum indicates that effective valve maintenance training can contribute significantly to reducing valve problems, maintenance costs, and plant leak rates.

More recently, the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI) has established a Nuclear Maintenance Assistance Center (NMAC), with one of the first projects being MOV maintenance, "an issue of great interest to the nuclear utilities" (8).

B. Review of Expert System Literature

The second part of this review presents past work on the second major topic comprising this research project: expert system applications. Chapter I contains a background discussion of expert systems and associated terminology.

One of the first true expert systems developed was DENDRAL and its successors at Stanford University (9,10). The project was begun in 1968 and continues today. DENDRAL determines possible molecular structures of known constituent atoms by analyzing mass spectrographs of a sample. DENDRAL has been shown to equal the performance of human experts in its specialized domain.

Another Stanford project, MYCIN, is probably the most famous expert system developed to date (9,11). This program uses patient symptom data and lab analyses to diagnose infectious organisms and prescribe drug therapy. MYCIN's medical knowledge is stored in production (IF-THEN) rules, and its inference strategy is simple backward chaining. MYCIN's success helped to bring an awareness of expert system technology to many people outside of the Artificial Intelligence (AI) community.

Expert system applications in nuclear engineering were discussed at a recent ANS topical meeting. One of the papers described a Reactor Safety Assessment System (RSAS), being developed for the NRC (12). The purpose of the RSAS is to assess the status of a nuclear plant experiencing an alert or more serious incident. Another paper discussed a prototype fuel shuffling assistant developed by EPRI (13), which uses

heuristic fuel shuffling rules to find an optimum reloading pattern in a nuclear reactor core.

Many other AI applications to nuclear power plant operations were also presented at this topical meeting. Kiguchi et al. (14) reported on their system for diagnosing suspected faults in nuclear power plants, using both event-oriented and function-oriented knowledge.

A maintenance-related paper was presented by Frank et al. (15). Their system consists of two software packages (Reactor Trip Simulation Environment, RTSE, and Key Component Generation Environment, KCGE), developed by the Management Analysis Company. These packages are designed to improve plant availability by reducing the risk of inadvertent reactor trips. The RTSE is used to predict whether a proposed action or procedure could lead to a reactor trip. The KCGE identifies groups of "key components," whose simultaneous change of state could cause a trip, thus measuring the remaining margin to trip. These packages have been tested in actual plant environments.

Other expert system applications presented at this topical meeting include: reactor operations support (16), event tree analysis (17), and real-time diagnostics and control (18).

In a research project more closely related to maintenance engineering, Grant (19) surveyed potential applications of AI techniques to aircraft maintenance management for the Engineering Branch of the Royal Air Force. The six application classes he identified were:

- intelligent front ends
- consultative aids to technical manuals

- maintenance regulations and "good practices"
- diagnostic aids for novel and familiar faults
- an equipment assignment aid, and
- a maintenance work scheduling aid

In another maintenance application, Pau (20) performed a survey of expert systems for fault detection, test generation, and maintenance. He identified five major improvement areas with a potential for application of knowledge engineering techniques:

- self-improving diagnostics: functional test sequences can be cost-effectively improved, and automated learning through metarules is a promising area
- more effective fault detection and isolation, through builtin-test knowledge-based systems
- discrimination between false alarms and intermittent faults, or multiple faults
- 4. reduction of skills required for test and maintenance
- 5. integrated diagnostics

Most of the expert system applications mentioned above were developed on mainframe computers, using a general-purpose language such as LISP. But with the evolution of cheaper, more powerful microcomputers, a new market has appeared for inexpensive, micro-based expert system development tools, thus making the technology available to small groups and individuals (21,22,23).

#### III. VALVE MAINTENANCE PLANNING

#### A. Introduction

In this chapter, the relevant concepts and procedures of valve maintenance planning, as performed at the Duane Arnold Energy Center (DAEC), are introduced. A discussion of valve maintenance planning is useful for several reasons. First, a familiarity with valve maintenance planning concepts is necessary to understand the knowledge transfer from the experts to the computer, in the form of the valve maintenance planning assistant. Also, a familiarity with valve maintenance planning terminology is required when evaluating what the valve maintenance planning assistant actually does. Finally, the motivation for developing innovative computer applications in this area can be seen more clearly once the maintenance planning process is explained.

The topics covered in this chapter include: an overview of the valve maintenance process, a more detailed description of maintenance planning tasks and parameters, and a discussion of the advantages of computerizing maintenance planning knowledge.

B. The Process of Valve Maintenance Planning

Valve maintenance planning is a very time-consuming task at nuclear power plants because of the large number of valves involved and the high level of quality assurance required. The steps comprising this process typically include diagnosis of the problem, prescription of maintenance

activities, and the determination of a number of factors which affect the maintenance task.

Diagnosis of a valve problem can range from being a trivial task to a lengthy process requiring complete disassembly of the valve. An example of a trivial diagnosis is when the sealtite between the motor and operator needs replacing. Sealtite is a protective sheath which covers wiring from one point to another. A broken section of sealtite can be detected during a visual inspection, without any disassembly of the valve system. A more complex diagnosis, such as a worn seating seal, would require an extensive disassembly of the valve body. If the problem is not completely known before maintenance work is begun on a valve, then the maintenance planning process cannot be completed in one step, since the required maintenance actions cannot be prescribed. In this case, several iterations of maintenance planning may be required, due to the change in scope of the repair. The result is a longer repair period, requiring more engineering time and maintenance labor.

Maintenance prescription is a step in the maintenance planning process which sometimes cannot be distinguished from problem diagnosis. For example, in the broken sealtite case mentioned above, the necessary repair is obviously to replace the broken section of sealtite. But in addition to simply stating the necessary repair, the maintenance planner might also need to outline the steps to follow in the repair procedure, if the maintenance activity does not already have a written procedure. In the case of the worn seating seal, the maintenance engineer may need

to write special instructions for disassembling the valve, depending on the valve type.

Other items relevant to the valve maintenance action also need to be evaluated by the maintenance planner. Included among these items are: post-maintenance testing, valve quality level, whether the valve is safety-related, the applicability of cleanliness control procedures, tag out requirements, primary containment considerations, radiation work permit requirements, heavy load, fire protection, parts, and lifted lead evaluation. The items in this list which have been incorporated into this project are described in the following section.

C. Description of Maintenance Planning Items

The current version of the valve maintenance planning assistant evaluates the following items: ASME (safety-related), tag out, primary containment, heavy load, and post-maintenance testing. Since postmaintenance testing was the first item included in this project, and has received the most attention, it will be described first.

The requirements for post-maintenance testing of valves are spelled out in the ASME Boiler & Pressure Vessel Code (24), which states

"When a valve or its control system has been replaced or repaired or has undergone maintenance<sup>1</sup> that could affect its performance, and prior to the time it is returned to service, it shall be tested to demonstrate that the performance parameters which could be affected by the replacement, repair,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Examples of maintenance that could affect valve performance parameters include adjustment of stem packing, removal of the bonnet, stem assembly, or actuator, and disconnection of hydraulic or electrical lines (24).

or maintenance are within acceptable limits."

This requirement means that the maintenance actions performed on a valve must be evaluated to determine if the valve performance may have been affected. If so, then adequate post-maintenance testing must be carried out to assure that the valve will perform its function if called upon. The types of tests that may be used to assure valve performance include stroke open and close tests (BTO,BTC), position indication test (PIT), local leak rate test (AT1,AT5), and hydrostatic system pressure test (SYSPR). Determining which (if any) of these tests must be performed after a given maintenance activity is one of the steps of valve maintenance planning.

The ASME, or safety-related item, also has its basis in the ASME Boiler & Pressure Vessel Code. The purpose of this item is to note whether or not the valve in question is within the scope of the ASME requirements, which is entirely dependent on the type and function of the valve. The scope section in the ASME code reads (24)

"This Subsection provides the rules and requirements for inservice testing to assess operational readiness of certain Class 1, 2, and 3 valves (and their actuating and position indicating systems) in light-water cooled nuclear power plants, which are required to perform a specific function in shutting down a reactor to the cold shutdown condition or in mitigating the consequences of an accident."

This item is therefore independent of the maintenance actions performed on a valve.

Tag out refers to placing a notice on the valve control switch while maintenance is being performed. Tag out is required when the

maintenance action will incapacitate the valve, and either attempted actuation is dangerous, or it is necessary for the operators to be aware of the valve's condition. This determination is primarily dependent on the maintenance actions performed on the valve.

Primary containment indicates whether or not a valve forms part of the reactor containment system's primary containment boundary. This item is considered independent of maintenance actions.

Heavy load is the last item currently being considered in this project. Heavy load refers to the weight and size of the valve operator, and indicates whether special considerations must be made due to the operator size. This item depends on two factors: the size of the operator, and whether or not the operator needs to be removed during the maintenance. Heavy load is therefore dependent on both the valve and the maintenance actions performed.

All of the items mentioned above, with the exception of postmaintenance testing, require only a yes or no indication on the Corrective Maintenance Action Request (CMAR) form used at the DAEC. Next, several possible advantages of incorporating maintenance planning abilities in an expert system will be presented.

D. Advantages of Computerizing Maintenance Planning Knowledge

As mentioned previously, valve maintenance is a time-consuming task at nuclear power plants for both maintenance engineers and technicians. One of the problems facing the maintenance engineer is the number of

sources of information that must be consulted. These sources include the people who reported the problem, a data base which contains specific information about the valve, procedures and guides for determining the maintenance requirements, parts inventory lists, other engineers who may have expertise in this particular problem, and others. The planner must also coordinate the maintenance with previously scheduled maintenance plans, periodic testing requirements, and plant operation schedules.

By unifying a segment of this diverse information, a savings of time and effort involved in valve maintenance planning could potentially be realized. A demonstration of this unification is a major goal of this project. Also, if maintenance planning knowledge can be effectively implemented in a knowledge system, then the skills of the most competent valve maintenance planning expert could be made available to anyone in the plant who needs it.

This completes the background discussion of valve maintenance planning, with its concepts and procedures. Details of the development of the knowledge-based valve maintenance planning assistant are presented in the following chapter.

## IV. DEVELOPMENT OF THE VALVE MAINTENANCE PLANNING ASSISTANT

The major steps in building the valve maintenance planning assistant are described in this chapter. First, the processes of problem selection and development tool selection for this project are discussed, including the criteria considered. Then, a description is given of how the knowledge contained in the system was acquired. Finally, the knowledge implementation scheme for the valve maintenance planning system is outlined, with reference to the various programs and their structure.

# A. Selection of Problem and Development Tool

In this section, an explanation is given of two important steps in the project development: selection of the application problem for the project, and selection of the development tool used to construct the valve maintenance planning knowledge base. The intent of this explanation is to list the criteria considered during the selections, and to outline the reasoning which led to the specific selections.

#### 1. Problem Selection

Selection of an appropriate problem application for a knowledge system is possibly the most crucial step in the development process (1). Seven months were allocated in the project proposal (25) to define selection criteria, to evaluate a number of possible applications using these criteria, and to make a final problem selection.

The selection criteria were defined to choose a problem for which a solution could be demonstrated successfully within the project time period (1-2 years). The following criteria were considered during the problem selection process:

- The problem should be important enough to motivate a knowledge system application.
- The problem should be simple enough to be solvable by a first time knowledge system developer.
- The application area should have one or several identifiable persons to serve as experts for consultation.
- The problem should be of a suitable type for the expert system tools (PC based) under consideration; generally, the problem should be of the diagnosis/prescription type.
- The problem should be related to nuclear engineering (the developers' background).

Through discussions with plant personnel, three possible problem applications were identified: control rod pattern changes (BWR), component classification (safety-related, non safety-related, etc), and post-maintenance testing requirements for motor-operated valves (MOVs).

Control rod pattern development was passed over because some of the required information comes from a reactor model not accessible by the PC tools, and the problem only arises several times per year. The part classification problem was very interesting and will likely become an expert system application in the future. But the scope of the problem seemed too large to serve as a first project. The utility's objective is to reclassify every component in the plant, from the system level down to the individual part level.

MOV post-maintenance testing, on the other hand, fit the specified criteria quite well. First, the importance of valve maintenance has already been stressed. Second, with the original scope (postmaintenance testing determination for safety-related MOVs), the problem appeared appropriate as a first project. Third, several people were identified as domain experts. Fourth, the type of reasoning underlying the solution process fit the diagnosis/prescription mold. Finally, the problem domain fell under the broad umbrella of nuclear engineering subject matter. Thus, post-maintenance testing determination for safety-related MOVs was selected as the initial application for study.

Since selection of an appropriate application ultimately determines whether an expert system is successful, the initial work of specifying selection criteria and evaluating candidate problems cannot be overemphasized. Another significant decision to be made up front when developing an expert system is selection of a development tool, which will be discussed next.

#### 2. Development Tool Selection

Selection of the expert system tool to be used for this initial project was simplified by several constraints, which helped define selection criteria. The criteria considered for tool selection are listed below.

- Cost of the tool should be minimal (less than \$1000) due to financial limitations.
- The tool must be available for use on an IBM PC-XT or equivalent computer.

- The tool should be simple enough so that a novice could learn how to use it quickly through self-training.
- The tool must be able to interface with external programs written in standard languages.

INSIGHT2+, from Level Five Research, was selected as the development environment for this project. This program matched the specified selection criteria closely. Retail price of the package is approximately \$500; it was designed to run on an IBM PC/XT/AT; knowledge bases are very easy to write, and consist of simple English IF-THEN production rules; and external programs can be called from within a knowledge base with simple programming steps.

Overall, INSIGHT2+ provided an easy-to-use tool which minimized the amount of time required for user training. This allowed more time for eliciting the crucial knowledge from the actual experts, which will be discussed next.

## B. Knowledge Acquisition

Knowledge acquisition is probably the most important and yet most difficult step in expert system development. The performance of a knowledge system is directly related to the quality and quantity of the expertise comprising the knowledge base.

The methods used to gather information for this project will now be described. The sources of information included a valve data base, maintenance engineers, case histories of valve maintenance actions, and troubleshooting manuals.

The valve data base used consists of a listing of safety-related motor-operated valves in the plant's testing program. The following items were extracted for each valve: testing class, ASME category, physical characteristics (size, type, normal position), applicable postmaintenance tests, and test parameters (maximum stroke time, maximum leakage rates). This information was incorporated into a Turbo Pascal data base file, and is accessed by the knowledge base.

Maintenance engineers were the primary sources of maintenance planning knowledge. Several different methods were used to gather information from the engineers. The most effective method was face-toface discussion and note-taking on the maintenance planning items, and the information required to make decisions about these items. A key realization made during these discussions was that the types of maintenance actions performed on a valve were fundamental in determining required post-maintenance testing and tag out requirements. General information about valve testing requirements was gained by attending and tape recording a lecture by an ASME expert. Finally, corrections and refinements to the knowledge base were made by running test cases with the maintenance engineer present to detect faults. These human experts provided the most valuable knowledge, and the most efficient means of obtaining this knowledge. An estimated forty hours of consultation time were spent with the experts to build this demonstration knowledge base.

Another important knowledge source was a set of maintenance records for the valves included in the data base. Examples of different types

and combinations of maintenance actions were extracted from these records to increase the scope of the knowledge base. Also, some special cases were incorporated by examining these case histories.

Several troubleshooting manuals for values and value operators were consulted for problem diagnosis strategies. These manuals provided a set of basic value and operator problems, and their associated symptoms. Only these basic problems were incorporated into the knowledge base, since problem diagnosis was not a major part of the project.

Knowledge acquisition required the majority of project time, due to remoteness and limited availability of the human experts. The implementation of this knowledge in an INSIGHT2+ knowledge base is discussed in the following section.

C. Knowledge Implementation in the INSIGHT2+ Environment

This section contains descriptions of the rule structure in the INSIGHT2+ knowledge base, and the supporting Pascal programs. A more complete overview of the system structure is given in the following chapter.

The maintenance planning portion of the knowledge base contains rules for determining requirements for post-maintenance testing, tag out, heavy load, and primary containment (see Chapter III for a description of these items). As mentioned previously, maintenance actions performed on the valve are the primary data used by maintenance planners.

Two example rules from the post-maintenance testing section of the knowledge base are shown below.

RULE	For determining BTC	C requirements
IF	BTC applicable	
AND	Maintenance affects	s stroke close time
THEN	BTC test is require	ed
ELSE	BTC test is not red	uired

RULE For analyzing packing adjusted condition for BTC test IF valve body maintenance IS packing adjusted THEN Valve body maintenance requires BTC test AND FILE Packing adjusted requires BTC test

BTC refers to a stroke close test. These rules exhibit the simple, English rule syntax used in INSIGHT2+. The first rule screens for applicability of the test (IF clause), and calls other rules for determining if BTC is required (AND clause). The second example is a low level rule for analyzing one maintenance action. Writing small, modular rules in this fashion allows for easy additions and corrections to rule sections, without affecting other parts of the knowledge base. The structure for the tag out rules is similiar in form to the postmaintenance testing rules.

One of the rules for determining heavy load is shown below.

RULE For checking conditions for heavy load notice IF The operator must be removed during the maintenance AND The operator size is large THEN Heavy load is indicated AND HLOD := Y AND FILE heavy load indicated ELSE Heavy load is not indicated AND HLOD := N AND FILE heavy load not indicated

The clause for operator removal is determined by several lower level rules, while the operator size clause generates a question for the user. Primary containment is determined by simply searching a list of primary containment valves.

The two rules listed below are from the problem diagnosis knowledge base.

DIILF	For determining definite value body problems
ROLL	for determining definite varve body problems
IF	Stem needs lubrication analyzed
AND	Worn body to bonnet gasket analyzed
AND	Worn packing analyzed
THEN	Definite valve body problems are known

RULE For diagnosing stem lub from excessive handwheel effort body Affected system for diagnosis IS valve body IF valve body symptom IS Excessive handwheel effort AND THEN Definite evidence for stem lub AND valve body problem IS stem needs lubrication Affected system for maintenance IS valve body AND NOT Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator AND AND NOT Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center AND valve body maintenance IS valve stem maintenance AND NOT valve body maintenance IS valve replaced NOT valve body maintenance IS valve disassembled AND NOT valve body maintenance IS packing adjusted AND AND NOT valve body maintenance IS repacking performed AND NOT valve body maintenance IS replaced body to bonnet gasket AND NOT valve body maintenance IS maintained seating surface AND DISPLAY valve diagnosis display AND DISPLAY stem lub from excessive handwheel effort body AND FILE stem lub from excessive handwheel effort body

The first rule drives the analysis of several possible valve body problems. The second rule is the low level rule which generates questions about valve symptoms for the user. This rule also illustrates how maintenance actions are prescribed for a specific valve problem. In this case, the prescribed maintenance action is valve stem maintenance, derived from the symptom of excessive handwheel effort. After the maintenance actions have been prescribed, they are passed to the maintenance planning knowledge base as input. This eliminates manual input which the user would otherwise have to supply.

The control, diagnosis, maintenance planning, and batch testing knowledge bases contain a total of 252 rules. A listing of all the INSIGHT2+ knowledge base files has been included in Appendix A.

The valve data base information has been implemented in a PC using Turbo Pascal. Two Pascal programs have been written to manipulate the data base. The first program has editing and listing capabilities, and the second is used by the knowledge base to access information for a specific valve. A listing of all supporting Pascal programs is available in Appendix B.

This concludes the discussion on system development, including selection of the application problem and development tool, knowledge acquisition, and knowledge implementation. The following chapter contains a more complete description of the system structure and functions, and also demonstrates an example consultation session with the system.

#### V. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Unlike conventional computer-oriented research, the results of a knowledge-based programming project are inherent in the program itself, and in the running of the program. As a result, describing the results of such a project in a written report is difficult, and necessarily incomplete without an actual demonstration. The approach taken here is to describe the system's structure and functions, with all the program source included (Appendices A and B). Then, two example consultation sessions are provided, including actual screens the user would see while running the system. Finally, the work and planning done for evaluating and validating the system are described.

## A. Structure and Functions of the Valve Maintenance System

Some examples of the internal rule structure used in the knowledge bases were given in the previous chapter. In this section, the emphasis is on the overall system structure. The actual knowledge base listings have been included in Appendix A for reference.

The valve maintenance planning system structure is shown graphically in Figure 2. The control knowledge base executes when the system is started, and accesses the valve data base. One possible flow path is to diagnose a valve problem and prescribe appropriate maintenance actions, based on user input symptoms. The control knowledge base calls the diagnosis program, and passes it the valve information. If the user has requested a maintenance planning

consultation with the diagnosis, the diagnosis program calls the maintenance planning knowledge base, and passes any prescribed maintenance actions it has found.



FIGURE 2. Structure of the valve maintenance planning system

The user also has the option of calling the maintenance planning program directly, if the problem and required maintenance are already known. Maintenance actions are then input manually, along with any required case-specific information. The maintenance planning items are then determined, and output in the same format as the plant's Maintenance Action Request form.

Another option available from the initial main menu is to run the batch testing knowledge base. Batch testing consists of analyzing a series of standard test cases by repeatedly calling the planning knowledge base, and storing the results in a data file. This file can then be displayed or compared to another set of results. Thus, this option can be used to check the effects of changes to the knowledge base.

Some examples of actual screens a user would see when running a session can be found in the following section.

B. Example Consultations With the Maintenance System

Two sample consultation sessions are illustrated in this section. The first begins with problem diagnosis, and continues automatically to maintenance planning. The second session begins directly with maintenance planning, so that these input screens can also be seen.

The main menu screen is shown in Figure 3, and the indicated option was selected for session one. The next screen to appear is shown in Figure 4, where the value ID is entered to allow value data base access.

Valve Maintenance Planning Assistant Select your required task: Determine maintenance planning information for a valve Diagnose problems and prescribe maintenance for a valve ===> Diagnose problems, prescribe maintenance, and determine maintenance planning information for a valve Edit the valve data base Run the batch testing knowledge base Leave knowledge base

FIGURE 3. Main menu screen from control knowledge base

Enter the ID number of the valve using the following format:

MO 2000

Make sure the "MO" part of the valve ID is capitalized.

MO 2003

FIGURE 4. Valve ID input screen
Figure 5 shows the first diagnosis knowledge base screen. The valve body was selected as the problem area, which brings up a list of possible valve body problem symptoms, as shown in Figure 6. For this case, the symptom of "Leakage between valve body and bonnet area" was sufficient to diagnose the problem, and the results depicted in Figure 7 are displayed. The identified problem was a worn body to bonnet gasket, and the prescribed maintenance was to replace the gasket. This corresponds to the action of "valve disassembled" in the maintenance planning knowledge base.

Valve Diagnosis Knowledge Base

Select all the valve systems which contain the parts that are exhibiting problem symptoms

===> valve body

valve operator

After making your selections press F4 for DONE

FIGURE 5. Diagnosis system selection screen

Since all necessary information was supplied to the maintenance planning program, it ran transparently, and produced the results screen shown in Figure 8. Valve Diagnosis Knowledge Base Select all the problem symptoms evident in the valve body Excessive handwheel effort ===> Leakage between valve body and bonnet area Leakage through stuffing box and around stem There is no more packing adjustment left Valve stem is binding when operated Leakage between valve disc and seat area After making your selections press F4 for DONE

FIGURE 6. Diagnosis valve body symptom selection screen

Valve Diagnosis Knowledge Base

- The gasket between the valve body and bonnet has been diagnosed as needing replacement from the symptom of leakage through the gasket area. The maintenance action prescription is to replace the body to bonnet gasket (valve disassembled).

FIGURE 7. Diagnosis results screen

\*\*\* Valve Maintenance Planning Results \*\*\* Valve ID: MO 2003 P&ID: M-120 F-4 MIF: NPRDS: pri cont: N QL: req for S/U: CCP: proc#1: tagout: Y ASME: Y proc#2: J&LL: heavy load: N proc#3: RWP: fire prot: EO: ----- post-maintenance requirement ------BTC stroke close test is required BTO stroke open test is required PIT position indication test is required AT1 leakage test is not applicable AT5 leakage test is required CTCC check valve stroke test is not applicable System pressure test is required

FIGURE 8. Maintenance planning results for first session

Next, another session is illustrated where the planning knowledge base was called directly. This time the valve operator was selected as the affected system, as shown in Figure 9. Possible valve operator maintenance actions are displayed in Figure 10, from which "Valve operator was lubricated" was selected. For this case, more specific information about the maintenance actions was required, and the queries depicted in Figures 11 and 12 were generated. Both questions were answered TRUE. The results for this session are shown in Figure 13.

These examples demonstrate only two of the possible combinations of user interactions with the system, but they serve to represent typical Valve Maintenance Planning Knowledge Base Select all the valve systems affected by maintenance work ===> valve body ===> valve operator motor control center After making your selections press F4 for DONE

FIGURE 9. Maintenance planning system selection screen

Valve Maintenance Planning Knowledge Base
Select all maintenance activities performed on the valve operator
Valve operator was replaced
Valve operator motor was replaced
Torque switch was maintained (replaced, adjusted, rewired)
Limit switch was maintained (replaced, adjusted, rewired)
Spring pack was reworked
Torque bypass switch maintained (replaced, adjusted, rewired)
===> Valve operator was lubricated
Electric wire maintenance was performed
Replaced sealtite from operator to motor
After making your selections press F4 for DONE

FIGURE 10. Valve operator maintenance action selection screen

Valve Maintenance Planning Knowledge Base

Does operator lubrication consist of the replacement of the gear case lubricant?

TRUE FALSE

FIGURE 11. Operator lubrication query screen

Valve Maintenance Planning Knowledge Base

Is the valve operator larger than a SB-0?

TRUE FALSE

FIGURE 12. Operator size query screen

consultation sessions. Next, some of the steps for evaluating and validating this system are discussed.

\*\*\* Valve Maintenance Planning Results \*\*\* Valve ID: MO 2003 P&ID: M-120 F-4 pri cont: N NPRDS: MIF: QL: req for S/U: CCP: proc#1: tagout: Y J&LL: heavy load: Y ASME: Y proc#2: RWP: fire prot: EO: proc#3: ----- post-maintenance requirement ------BTC stroke close test is required BTO stroke open test is required PIT position indication test is required AT1 leakage test is not applicable AT5 leakage test is required CTCC check valve stroke test is not applicable System pressure test is not required

FIGURE 13. Maintenance planning results for second session

C. Evaluation and Validation Techniques

Since this project has only reached the demonstration stage, detailed procedures for evaluation and validation have not yet been developed. But some preliminary work and experience has been achieved.

The most effective method for evaluating the accuracy of this type of program appears to be direct testing by the domain expert who contributed to the knowledge base. This testing was done several times during the project, and resulted in useful corrections in a short amount of time. The problem with direct testing, as with consultation time for knowledge acquisition, is likely to be availability of the expert. A more formal technique for evaluation and validation would be to use the batch testing mode of the knowledge base. This benchmarking technique is standard practice as a final step in validation of conventional programs, but is also applicable to knowledge systems.

Batch testing capability has already been built into this system. Next, a set of benchmark test cases should be developed, in conjunction with the aid of the domain expert. Then, after one or more maintenance engineers analyze the cases, a set of benchmark results can be determined, against which the program can be compared. One situation to avoid is a small test set which has been implemented as special cases in the program, so that it can't fail.

These are only a few ideas for testing this knowledge-based system. A more thorough review of the literature is necessary before developing a final set of evaluation and validation procedures. VI. CONCLUSIONS AND SUGGESTIONS FOR FUTURE WORK

A demonstration valve maintenance planning knowledge-based assistant has been developed. Since this system is a demonstration, and no actual field testing has been done, these conclusions should be viewed as preliminary.

First, a knowledge-based programming solution to a real problem can be demonstrated using an inexpensive, PC-based tool. The knowledge base of the system described in this paper is structured to be easily expandable to a full scale production program. Based on experience with the demonstration system, a production system could be implemented on a PC class computer, and run in a reasonable amount of time.

Second, with the appropriate application problem and development tool, a first-time developer can produce a successful demonstration without extensive training. The tool selected for this project was easy enough to use so that a fairly large knowledge base (over 250 rules) could be developed in a short amount of time, by a novice knowledge system programmer.

Third, it is important for the system developer to be thoroughly familiar with the problem domain before consulting with the expert. Contact time with the expert will generally be limited, so this time must be used efficiently. This consideration can be met either by choosing a problem with which the developer is already familiar, or by researching the problem domain prior to meeting with the expert.

Finally, the use and access of existing data bases must be considered when analyzing an application problem, and choosing a development tool. The interface barrier between mainframe data bases and PC-based knowledge systems is still quite prohibitive.

The primary suggestion for future work on this project is to further develop the valve maintenance assistant by increasing the depth of the knowledge base. The current structure of the knowledge base, both diagnosis and maintenance planning, can accommodate an increase in knowledge depth and coverage without major revisions. The recommended method for further developing this program is to have maintenance engineers at the plant test and evaluate the system during their normal activities.

Another item to consider when further developing this system is eventual access to the plant's mainframe component data base. The ideal method would be to directly access this already existing data base from the knowledge base, and thereby avoid duplicating information in a separate data base file. This consideration may have to wait until the final deployment of the program, so that the appropriate linkage software with the existing data base can be identified.

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## IEVALVE.PRL

```
TITLE Valve Maintenance Planning Assistant
!
!
1
!
   Shared Parameters
ŧ
1
1
$ IESHARED.PRL
1
ł
1
1
   Data Type Declarations
1
!
!
$ IEDECLAR.PRL
1
!
ł
!
   Parameter Initialization Statements
1
!
!
INIT
    Five = 5
AND
    Initial screen file = "IESCREEN.PCX"
AND
    Diagnosis documentation file := "IEDIAG.DOC"
    Planning documentation file := "IEPLAN.DOC"
AND
AND
    Knowledge base is being started up
REINIT Five = 5
AND
    Initial screen file = "IESCREEN.PCX"
AND
    Diagnosis documentation file := "IEDIAG.DOC"
AND
    Planning documentation file := "IEPLAN.DOC"
AND
    Knowledge base is being started up CF 0
FORGET ALL
1
!
```

! 1 Control Element Selectors GOALSELECT OFF \$ IEMULTI.PRL SUPPRESS ALL ٠ 1 1 ! Goal Outline 1 ŧ ١ 1. Show initial screen if startup 1.1. Determine maintenance planning information for a valve 1.2. Diagnose problems and prescribe maintenance for a valve 1.3. Diagnose problems and determine MP information 1.4. Edit the valve data base 1.5. Perform batch testing functions 1.6. Quit knowledge base execution ! 1 ł ! Knowledge Base Rules 1 ٠ ! ! ! Goal Processing Rules ! 1 RULE For displaying initial screen IF Knowledge base is being started up AND ACTIVATE IESCREEN.COM SEND Five SEND Initial screen file THEN Show initial screen if startup ELSE Show initial screen if startup ! 1 ! Rules for determining major task ! !

RULE To ask if valve maintenance planning is required Major task IS valve maintenance planning IF AND This valve can be analyzed AND ACTIVATE IENFILE.COM DISK IEPARAM.DAT SEND Planning documentation file THEN Determine maintenance planning information for a valve AND Run mode IS normal CHAIN IEVALVE2 AND ļ RULE To ask if valve diagnosis is required Major task IS valve diagnosis IF This valve can be analyzed AND AND ACTIVATE IENFILE.COM DISK IEPARAM.DAT SEND Diagnosis documentation file THEN Diagnose problems and prescribe maintenance for a valve AND Run mode IS normal AND CHAIN IEVALVE1 RULE To ask if both diagnosis and maint planning is required Major task IS diagnosis and planning IF AND This valve can be analyzed AND ACTIVATE IENFILE.COM DISK IEPARAM.DAT SEND Diagnosis documentation file ACTIVATE IENFILE.COM AND DISK IEPARAM.DAT SEND Planning documentation file THEN Diagnose problems and determine MP information AND Run mode IS normal AND CHAIN IEVALVE1 RULE To ask if valve data base editing is required IF Major task IS valve data base editing AND ACTIVATE IEEDITDB.COM AND CYCLE THEN Edit the valve data base ł RULE To ask if batch testing functions are required IF Major task IS batch testing THEN Perform batch testing functions AND Run mode IS batch test AND Test case number := 0 AND CHAIN IEBATCH 1 RULE To ask if the user wants to quit IF Major task IS Leave knowledge base THEN Quit knowledge base execution AND STOP

! RULE For retrieving valve data ASK Valve ID ACTIVATE IEACCDB1.COM DISK IEPARAM.DAT SEND Valve ID RETURN Valve found in data base RETURN Valve P&ID RETURN P&ID coord RETURN Valve IST class RETURN Valve category RETURN Valve size RETURN Valve type RETURN Valve actuator type RETURN Normal position of valve RETURN PIT applicable RETURN BTC applicable RETURN BTO applicable RETURN AT5 applicable RETURN AT1 applicable RETURN CTCC applicable RETURN PIT frequency RETURN BTC frequency RETURN BTO frequency RETURN AT5 frequency RETURN AT1 frequency RETURN CTCC frequency RETURN Maximum BTO stroke open time RETURN Maximum BTC stroke close time RETURN Maximum AT5 leakage RETURN Maximum AT1 leakage RETURN AT1 relief request RETURN CTCC relief request IF Valve found in data base THEN This valve can be analyzed ELSE This valve cannot be analyzed AND DISPLAY valve id not available ١ ŧ ٠ ! Information Displays ! ! ! ! TEXT References ! ٢ TEXT Major task

Select your required task: ! TEXT valve maintenance planning Determine maintenance planning information for a valve 1 TEXT valve diagnosis Diagnose problems and prescribe maintenance for a valve 1 TEXT diagnosis and planning Diagnose problems, prescribe maintenance, and determine maintenance planning information for a valve ŧ TEXT valve data base editing Edit the valve data base 1 TEXT batch testing Run the batch testing knowledge base TEXT Valve ID

Enter the ID number of the valve using the following format:

## MO 2000

Make sure the "MO" part of the valve ID is capitalized.

! ! DISPLAY References ! ! DISPLAY valve id not available

The valve ID you entered was [Valve ID].

This valve is not currently available for use with this knowledge base. Make sure you entered the "MO" part of the valve ID in capital letters.

IEVALVE1.PRL

```
TITLE Valve Diagnosis Knowledge Base
1
1
!
!
  Shared Parameters
۱
1
!
$ IESHARED.PRL
1
!
 1
!
!
  Data Type Declarations
٢
!
۱
$ IEDECLAR.PRL
!
!
!
!
  Parameter Initialization Statements
1
!
!
INIT Motor control center diagnosis is complete
AND Possible valve operator problems are known
REINIT Motor control center diagnosis is complete
AND
   Possible valve operator problems are known
!
۱
!
1
  Control Element Selectors
1
!
1
GOALSELECT OFF
$ IEMULTI.PRL
SUPPRESS ALL
```

```
FILE IEDIAG.DOC
1
1
.
    Goal Outline
٠
1
1
1. Diagnose and prescribe maintenance for a valve
2. Diagnose prescribe and plan maintenance for a valve
Knowledge Base Rules
۱
!
    Goal Processing Rules
Ŧ
RULE For starting diagnosis and prescription
IF
    Major task IS valve diagnosis
AND
    Diagnosis of valve problems complete
THEN Diagnose and prescribe maintenance for a valve
AND
    DISPLAY documentation file notice
AND
    FORGET Run mode
AND
    FORGET Major task
AND FORGET Affected system for maintenance
AND FORGET valve body maintenance
AND FORGET valve operator maintenance
AND FORGET motor control center maintenance
AND FORGET Print item
AND
    FORGET Batch test task
    CHAIN IEVALVE
AND
1
RULE For starting diagnosis prescription and planning
IF
    Major task IS diagnosis and planning
AND
    Diagnosis of valve problems complete
THEN Diagnose prescribe and plan maintenance for a valve
AND
    DISPLAY documentation file notice
AND
    CHAIN IEVALVE2
١
1
!
    Rules for driving valve problem diagnosis
!
!
```

RULE For driving diagnosis part of knowledge base FILE valve diagnosis header Valve body diagnosis is complete IF Valve operator diagnosis is complete AND AND Motor control center diagnosis is complete THEN Diagnosis of valve problems complete ŧ RULE For driving valve body diagnosis IF Definite valve body problems are known AND Possible valve body problems are known THEN Valve body diagnosis is complete 1 RULE For driving valve operator diagnosis IF Definite valve operator problems are known Possible valve operator problems are known AND THEN Valve operator diagnosis is complete ٠ RULE For driving motor control center diagnosis Definite motor control center problems are known IF Possible motor control center problems are known AND THEN Motor control center diagnosis is complete ٠ ٠ 1 Valve body diagnosis rules 1 ٠ RULE For determining definite valve body problems IF Stem needs lubrication analyzed AND Worn body to bonnet gasket analyzed Worn packing analyzed AND THEN Definite valve body problems are known 1 RULE For determining possible valve body problems IF Gland flange too tight analyzed AND Gland nuts tightened unevenly analyzed AND Foreign matter on seat surface analyzed AND Scarred or damaged seat analyzed THEN Possible valve body problems are known 1 RULE For analyzing stem needs lubrication IF Stem needs lubrication is indicated OR Stem needs lubrication is not indicated THEN Stem needs lubrication analyzed 1 RULE For driving stem lub IF Definite evidence for stem lub THEN Stem needs lubrication is indicated ELSE Stem needs lubrication is not indicated 1 RULE For diagnosing stem lub from excessive handwheel effort body IF Affected system for diagnosis IS valve body AND valve body symptom IS Excessive handwheel effort THEN Definite evidence for stem lub valve body problem IS stem needs lubrication AND AND Affected system for maintenance IS valve body NOT Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator AND NOT Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center AND AND valve body maintenance IS valve stem maintenance NOT valve body maintenance IS valve replaced AND AND NOT valve body maintenance IS valve disassembled NOT valve body maintenance IS packing adjusted AND NOT valve body maintenance IS repacking performed AND AND NOT valve body maintenance IS replaced body to bonnet gasket NOT valve body maintenance IS maintained seating surface AND AND DISPLAY valve diagnosis display AND DISPLAY stem lub from excessive handwheel effort body AND FILE stem lub from excessive handwheel effort body ł RULE For diagnosing stem lub from excessive handwheel effort oper IF Affected system for diagnosis IS valve operator AND valve operator symptom IS Excessive handwheel effort THEN Definite evidence for stem lub valve body problem IS stem needs lubrication AND AND Affected system for maintenance IS valve body AND NOT Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator AND NOT Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center AND valve body maintenance IS valve stem maintenance NOT valve body maintenance IS valve replaced AND NOT valve body maintenance IS valve disassembled AND AND NOT valve body maintenance IS packing adjusted AND NOT valve body maintenance IS repacking performed NOT valve body maintenance IS replaced body to bonnet gasket AND AND NOT valve body maintenance IS maintained seating surface AND DISPLAY valve diagnosis display AND FILE stem lub from excessive handwheel effort operator ł RULE For analyzing worn body to bonnet gasket IF Worn body to bonnet gasket is indicated OR Worn body to bonnet gasket is not indicated THEN Worn body to bonnet gasket analyzed ŧ RULE For driving worn body to bonnet gasket TF Definite evidence for worn body to bonnet gasket THEN Worn body to bonnet gasket is indicated ELSE Worn body to bonnet gasket is not indicated ٠ RULE For diagnosing worn gasket from leakage in area IF Affected system for diagnosis IS valve body AND valve body symptom IS Leakage between valve body and bonnet area THEN Definite evidence for worn body to bonnet gasket

valve body problem IS worn body to bonnet gasket AND AND Affected system for maintenance IS valve body NOT Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator AND NOT Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center AND valve body maintenance IS valve disassembled AND valve body maintenance IS replaced body to bonnet gasket AND NOT valve body maintenance IS valve replaced AND AND NOT valve body maintenance IS packing adjusted AND NOT valve body maintenance IS repacking performed NOT valve body maintenance IS valve stem maintenance AND NOT valve body maintenance IS maintained seating surface AND AND DISPLAY valve diagnosis display AND DISPLAY worn gasket from leakage in area AND FILE worn gasket from leakage in area ١ RULE For analyzing worn packing IF Worn packing is indicated OR Worn packing is not indicated THEN Worn packing analyzed ۲ RULE For driving worn packing Definite evidence for worn packing IF THEN Worn packing is indicated ELSE Worn packing is not indicated ! RULE For diagnosing worn packing from leakage around stem IF Affected system for diagnosis IS valve body valve body symptom IS stem leakage AND THEN Definite evidence for worn packing AND valve body problem IS worn packing AND Affected system for maintenance IS valve body AND NOT Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator AND NOT Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center AND valve body maintenance IS repacking performed AND NOT valve body maintenance IS valve replaced AND NOT valve body maintenance IS valve disassembled AND NOT valve body maintenance IS packing adjusted AND NOT valve body maintenance IS replaced body to bonnet gasket AND NOT valve body maintenance IS valve stem maintenance AND NOT valve body maintenance IS maintained seating surface AND DISPLAY valve diagnosis display AND DISPLAY worn packing from leakage around stem AND FILE worn packing from leakage around stem 1 RULE For diagnosing worn packing from no packing adjustment IF Affected system for diagnosis IS valve body AND valve body symptom IS no packing adjustment THEN Definite evidence for worn packing AND valve body problem IS worn packing AND Affected system for maintenance IS valve body

NOT Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator AND AND NOT Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center valve body maintenance IS repacking performed AND NOT valve body maintenance IS valve replaced AND NOT valve body maintenance IS valve disassembled AND NOT valve body maintenance IS packing adjusted AND NOT valve body maintenance IS replaced body to bonnet gasket AND NOT valve body maintenance IS valve stem maintenance AND NOT valve body maintenance IS maintained seating surface AND DISPLAY valve diagnosis display AND DISPLAY worn packing from no packing adjustment AND AND FILE worn packing from no packing adjustment 1 RULE For analyzing gland flange too tight Gland flange too tight is indicated possibly IF Gland flange too tight is not indicated possibly OR THEN Gland flange too tight analyzed ١ RULE For driving gland flange too tight Possible evidence for gland flange too tight TF THEN Gland flange too tight is indicated possibly ELSE Gland flange too tight is not indicated possibly ŧ RULE For analyzing gland nuts tightened unevenly Gland nuts tightened unevenly is indicated possibly IF Gland nuts tightened unevenly is not indicated possibly OR THEN Gland nuts tightened unevenly analyzed ۲ RULE For driving gland nuts tightened unevenly Possible evidence for gland nuts tightened unevenly IF THEN Gland nuts tightened unevenly is indicated possibly ELSE Gland nuts tightened unevenly is not indicated possibly ٢ RULE For diagnosing possible gland problems from stem binding IF Affected system for diagnosis IS valve body AND valve body symptom IS Valve stem is binding when operated THEN Possible evidence for gland flange too tight AND Possible evidence for gland nuts tightened unevenly AND Affected system for maintenance IS valve body AND NOT Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator AND NOT Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center AND valve body maintenance IS packing adjusted AND NOT valve body maintenance IS valve replaced AND NOT valve body maintenance IS valve disassembled NOT valve body maintenance IS repacking performed AND NOT valve body maintenance IS replaced body to bonnet gasket AND AND NOT valve body maintenance IS maintained seating surface AND NOT valve body maintenance IS valve stem maintenance AND DISPLAY valve diagnosis display AND DISPLAY gland problems from stem binding

AND FILE gland problems from stem binding ! RULE For analyzing foreign matter on seat surface Foreign matter on seat surface is indicated possibly IF Foreign matter on seat surface is not indicated possibly OR THEN Foreign matter on seat surface analyzed ! RULE For driving foreign matter on seat surface Possible evidence for foreign matter on seat surface IF THEN Foreign matter on seat surface is indicated possibly ELSE Foreign matter on seat surface is not indicated possibly 1 RULE For analyzing scarred or damaged seat Scarred or damaged seat is indicated possibly IF Scarred or damaged seat is not indicated possibly OR THEN Scarred or damaged seat analyzed 1 RULE For driving scarred or damaged seat TF Possible evidence for scarred or damaged seat THEN Scarred or damaged seat is indicated possibly ELSE Scarred or damaged seat is not indicated possibly ! RULE For diagnosing possible seat problems from seat leakage IF Affected system for diagnosis IS valve body valve body symptom IS Leakage between valve disc and seat area AND THEN Possible evidence for foreign matter on seat surface AND Possible evidence for scarred or damaged seat AND Affected system for maintenance IS valve body AND NOT Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator NOT Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center AND AND valve body maintenance IS maintained seating surface AND NOT valve body maintenance IS valve replaced AND NOT valve body maintenance IS valve disassembled AND NOT valve body maintenance IS packing adjusted AND NOT valve body maintenance IS repacking performed AND NOT valve body maintenance IS replaced body to bonnet gasket AND NOT valve body maintenance IS valve stem maintenance AND DISPLAY valve diagnosis display ! ! ! Valve operator diagnosis rules ١ ۱ RULE For determining definite valve operator problems IF Disc between motor power & control circuits analyzed AND Holding coil open circuited analyzed AND Motor trouble or improper overload heater sizing analyzed AND Damaged or worn mechanical parts analyzed Operator to motor sealtite needs replacing analyzed AND THEN Definite valve operator problems are known

! RULE For analyzing discont between motor power & control circuits Disc between motor power & control circuits is indicated IF Disc between motor power & control circuits not indicated OR THEN Disc between motor power & control circuits analyzed 1 RULE For driving discont between motor power & control circuits Definite evidence for disc between power & control circuits IF THEN Disc between motor power & control circuits is indicated ELSE Disc between motor power & control circuits not indicated ŧ RULE For diagnosing disc between circuits from stalled motor Affected system for diagnosis IS valve operator TF AND valve operator symptom IS Stalled motor THEN Definite evidence for disc between power & control circuits AND valve operator problem IS discontinuity between circuits AND Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator AND NOT Affected system for maintenance IS valve body AND NOT Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center valve operator maintenance IS electrical wire maintenance AND AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS operator replaced AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS motor replaced NOT valve operator maintenance IS torque switch maintained AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS limit switch maintained AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS spring pack reworked AND AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS torque bypass switch maintained NOT valve operator maintenance IS operator lubricated AND AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS handwheel maintenance AND DISPLAY valve diagnosis display DISPLAY disc between circuits from stalled motor AND AND FILE disc between circuits from stalled motor ŧ RULE For analyzing holding coil open circuited Holding coil open circuited is indicated IF OR Holding coil open circuited is not indicated THEN Holding coil open circuited analyzed 1 RULE For driving holding coil open circuited IF Definite evidence for holding coil open circuited THEN Holding coil open circuited is indicated ELSE Holding coil open circuited is not indicated ŧ RULE For diagnosing holding coil open circuited from failed contacts IF Affected system for diagnosis IS valve operator valve operator symptom IS failed contacts AND THEN Definite evidence for holding coil open circuited valve operator problem IS holding coil open circuited AND AND Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator AND NOT Affected system for maintenance IS valve body

NOT Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center AND valve operator maintenance IS electrical wire maintenance AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS operator replaced AND AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS motor replaced NOT valve operator maintenance IS torque switch maintained AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS limit switch maintained AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS spring pack reworked AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS torque bypass switch maintained AND AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS operator lubricated NOT valve operator maintenance IS handwheel maintenance AND DISPLAY valve diagnosis display AND DISPLAY holding coil open circuited from failed contacts AND AND FILE holding coil open circuited from failed contacts ٠ RULE For analyzing motor or overload heater sizing trouble Motor or overload heater sizing trouble is indicated IF Motor or overload heater sizing trouble is not indicated OR THEN Motor trouble or improper overload heater sizing analyzed 1 RULE For driving motor or overload heater sizing trouble Definite evidence for motor or overload heater trouble IF THEN Motor or overload heater sizing trouble is indicated ELSE Motor or overload heater sizing trouble is not indicated ۱ RULE For diagnosing motor trouble from overload relay tripping IF Affected system for diagnosis IS valve operator AND valve operator symptom IS overload relay tripping THEN Definite evidence for motor or overload heater trouble AND valve operator problem IS motor trouble ! RULE For analyzing damaged or worn mechanical parts IF Damaged or worn mechanical parts is indicated OR Damaged or worn mechanical parts is not indicated THEN Damaged or worn mechanical parts analyzed ł RULE For driving damaged or worn mechanical parts Definite evidence for damaged or worn mechanical parts IF THEN Damaged or worn mechanical parts is indicated ELSE Damaged or worn mechanical parts is not indicated ۲ RULE For diagnosing damaged or worn mechanical parts from rev starter IF Affected system for diagnosis IS valve operator AND valve operator symptom IS reversing starter movement THEN Definite evidence for damaged or worn mechanical parts valve operator problem IS damaged or worn mechanical parts AND AND DISPLAY valve diagnosis display AND DISPLAY damaged or worn mechanical parts from rev starter AND FILE damaged or worn mechanical parts from rev starter 1 RULE For analyzing operator to motor sealtite needs replacing

IF Sealtite needs replacing is indicated Sealtite needs replacing is not indicated OR THEN Operator to motor sealtite needs replacing analyzed 1 RULE For driving operator to motor sealtite needs replacing Definite evidence for sealtite needs replacing IF THEN Sealtite needs replacing is indicated ELSE Sealtite needs replacing is not indicated 1 RULE For diagnosing sealtite replacement from broken sealtite Affected system for diagnosis IS valve operator IF valve operator symptom IS broken sealtite AND THEN Definite evidence for sealtite needs replacing AND valve operator problem IS sealtite needs replacing AND Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator AND NOT Affected system for maintenance IS valve body AND NOT Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center valve operator maintenance IS replaced sealtite AND AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS operator replaced AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS motor replaced NOT valve operator maintenance IS torque switch maintained AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS limit switch maintained AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS spring pack reworked AND AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS torque bypass switch maintained AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS operator lubricated NOT valve operator maintenance IS electrical wire maintenance AND AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS handwheel maintenance AND DISPLAY valve diagnosis display AND DISPLAY sealtite replacement from broken sealtite AND FILE sealtite replacement from broken sealtite ۲ ł ! ! Information Displays 1 1 ł ! ! TEXT References ! 1 TEXT Affected system for diagnosis Select all the valve systems which contain the parts that are exhibiting problem symptoms

TEXT valve body symptom

Select all the problem symptoms evident in the valve body ! TEXT valve operator symptom Select all the problem symptoms evident in the valve operator ۲ TEXT motor control center symptom Select all the problem symptoms evident in the motor control center ! TEXT stem leakage Leakage through stuffing box and around stem 1 TEXT no packing adjustment There is no more packing adjustment left ٠ TEXT failed contacts Reversing starter contacts fail to open 1 TEXT overload relay tripping Continued tripping of overload relay ٠ TEXT motor trouble Trouble with motor or improper sizing of the overload heater ٠ TEXT reversing starter movement Restriction in the movement of the reversing starter TEXT broken sealtite The sealtite between the operator and motor is broken ۱ ł ! DISPLAY References ! ŧ DISPLAY documentation file notice

A hard copy documentation of this session may be obtained by printing out the file "IEDIAG.DOC" using the DOS command

"PRINT IEDIAG.DOC".

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DISPLAY valve diagnosis header \*\*\*\*\* Documentation file for problem diagnosis for MO valve [Valve ID]. The P & ID for this valve is [Valve P&ID] [P&ID coord]. \*\*\*\*\*\* 1 DISPLAY valve diagnosis display \*\*\*\*\*\*\* Documentation display for problem diagnosis for MO valve [Valve ID]. The P & ID for this valve is [Valve P&ID] [P&ID coord]. Press ENTER or F2 to continue. \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* DISPLAY stem lub from excessive handwheel effort body - The stem has been diagnosed as needing lubrication since the handwheel exhibited excessive effort. ٠ DISPLAY stem lub from excessive handwheel effort operator - The stem has been diagnosed as needing lubrication since the handwheel exhibited excessive effort. ۱ DISPLAY worn gasket from leakage in area - The gasket between the valve body and bonnet has been diagnosed as needing replacement from the symptom of leakage through the gasket area. The maintenance action prescription is to replace the body to bonnet gasket (valve disassembled). DISPLAY gland problems from stem binding

 The gland nuts have been diagnosed as being either too tight or unevenly tightened from the symptom of valve stem binding. The maintenance action prescription

is to adjust the gland nuts (packing adjusted). ŧ DISPLAY worn packing from leakage around stem - Worn packing has been diagnosed from the symptom of leakage around the valve stem. The maintenance action prescription is to replace the packing (repacking performed). ! DISPLAY worn packing from no packing adjustment - Worn packing has been diagnosed from there being no packing adjustment left. The maintenance action prescription is to replace the packing (repacking performed). 1 DISPLAY disc between circuits from stalled motor - A discontinuity between the motor power and control circuits has been diagnosed from the symptom of a stalled motor. The maintenance action prescription is electrical wire maintenance. DISPLAY holding coil open circuited from failed contacts - The holding coil has been diagnosed as being open-circuited from the symptom of failed contacts. The maintenance action prescription is electrical wire maintenance. DISPLAY sealtite replacement from broken sealtite - The sealtite from the operator to the motor has been diagnosed as needing replacement since it is broken. The maintenance action is replaced sealtite. DISPLAY damaged or worn mechanical parts from rev starter - Damaged or worn mechanical parts has been diagnosed from the symptom of restriced movement of the reversing starter. ! ۱ 1 ! End of Knowledge Base 1

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IEVALVE2.PRL
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TITLE Valve Maintenance Planning Knowledge Base
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  Shared Parameters
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  Data Type Declarations
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INIT ASME code CF 100
REINIT ASME code CF 100
FORGET ALL
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 Control Element Selectors
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GOALSELECT OFF
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SUPPRESS ALL
FILE IEPLAN.DOC
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! 1 \*\*\*\*\* 1 ! Goal Outline ŧ ١ 1. Maintenance planning finished ! ! 1 \* ! ! Knowledge Base Rules ! ! ! ! Valve Maintenance Planning Rules 1 1 RULE For concluding maintenance planning goal IF Run mode IS normal AND Maintenance planning information determined AND Desired output sent to printer THEN Maintenance planning finished AND FORGET Run mode AND FORGET Major task AND FORGET Affected system for maintenance AND FORGET valve body maintenance AND FORGET valve operator maintenance AND FORGET motor control center maintenance AND FORGET Print item AND FORGET Batch test task AND FORGET BTC applicable AND FORGET BTO applicable AND FORGET PIT applicable AND FORGET AT1 applicable AND FORGET AT5 applicable AND FORGET CTCC applicable AND FORGET SYSPR applicable AND FORGET BTC test is required AND FORGET BTO test is required AND FORGET PIT test is required AND FORGET AT1 test is required AND FORGET AT5 test is required AND FORGET CTCC test is required AND FORGET SYSPR test is required AND FORGET Tag out is required

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FORGET Heavy load is indicated
AND
     FORGET Primary containment is indicated
AND
AND
     CHAIN IEVALVE
1
RULE For driving maintenance planning tasks
    Run mode IS normal
IF
AND FILE maintenance planning header
AND Post maintenance testing requirements determined
AND Tag out determined
AND Heavy load determined
    Primary containment determined
AND
AND ASME determined
AND Printing options given
THEN Maintenance planning information determined
AND DISPLAY screen results
AND FILE screen results
AND
     DISPLAY documentation file for planning
ŧ
!
     Next two rules used only for batch testing
!
RULE For concluding goal for batch testing
     Run mode IS batch test
IF
     Maintenance planning information determined
AND
AND Desired output sent to printer
THEN Maintenance planning finished
AND CHAIN IEBATCH
۲
RULE For driving maintenance planning tasks for batch testing
IF
     Run mode IS batch test
AND FILE maintenance planning header
AND Post maintenance testing requirements determined
AND Tag out determined
AND Heavy load determined
AND Primary containment determined
AND
     ASME determined
AND
     Printing options given
THEN Maintenance planning information determined
!
!
!
     Rules for controlling printer output
1
ŧ
RULE For offering printing options
     Print item IS Nothing
IF
OR
     Print item IS Valve maintenance planning results
OR
     Print item IS Line of reasoning report
THEN Printing options given
!
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RULE For controlling printer output Line of reasoning sent to printer if desired IF AND Screen results sent to printer if desired THEN Desired output sent to printer 1 RULE For sending nothing to printer IF Print item IS Nothing THEN Line of reasoning sent to printer if desired AND Screen results sent to printer if desired 1 RULE For sending line of reasoning to printer IF Print item IS Line of reasoning report THEN Line of reasoning sent to printer if desired AND PRINT LORR ELSE Line of reasoning sent to printer if desired 1 RULE For sending screen results to printer Print item IS Valve maintenance planning results IF THEN Screen results sent to printer if desired AND PRINT screen results ELSE Screen results sent to printer if desired ۲ ŧ Valve Post-Maintenance Test Determination Rules ł RULE For driving post maintenance test determination FILE post maintenance testing header Post maintenance tests analyzed IF AND Test assignments have been made THEN Post maintenance testing requirements determined ٠ RULE For determining required post maintenance valve tests IF BTC test analyzed AND BTO test analyzed AND PIT test analyzed AND AT1 test analyzed AND AT5 test analyzed AND CTCC test analyzed AND SYSPR test analyzed THEN Post maintenance tests analyzed ł ! ! The Following Rules Determine Which Post-Maintenance ! Tests are Required ! ١ ! Rules For All Tests ! ١
RULE For NO required testing condition #1 Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator IF NOT Affected system for maintenance IS valve body AND NOT Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center AND valve operator maintenance IS handwheel maintenance AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS operator replaced AND AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS motor replaced AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS torque switch maintained AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS limit switch maintained AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS spring pack reworked AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS torque bypass switch maintained AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS operator lubricated AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS electrical wire maintenance THEN BTC test is not required AND BTO test is not required AND PIT test is not required AND AT1 test is not required AND AT5 test is not required AND CTCC test is not required AND SYSPR test is not required AND FILE No required test number 1 ! ۱ Rules For BTC Test ۱ 1 RULE For analyzing BTC test IF BTC test is required OR BTC test is not required THEN BTC test analyzed 1 RULE For determining BTC requirements IF BTC applicable AND Maintenance affects stroke close time THEN BTC test is required ELSE BTC test is not required 1 RULE For driving BTC valve body maintenance conditions Affected system for maintenance IS valve body IF AND Valve body maintenance requires BTC test THEN Maintenance affects stroke close time 1 RULE For driving BTC valve operator maintenance conditions IF Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator AND Valve operator maintenance requires BTC test THEN Maintenance affects stroke close time RULE For driving BTC motor control center maintenance conditions Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center IF AND Motor control center maintenance requires BTC test

THEN Maintenance affects stroke close time ۱ ! Valve body maintenance rules for BTC ! ! ł RULE For analyzing valve replaced condition for BTC test valve body maintenance IS valve replaced IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires BTC test AND FILE Valve replaced requires BTC test 1 RULE For analyzing valve disassembled condition for BTC test valve body maintenance IS valve disassembled IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires BTC test AND FILE Valve disassembled requires BTC test 1 RULE For analyzing packing adjusted condition for BTC test valve body maintenance IS packing adjusted IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires BTC test AND FILE Packing adjusted requires BTC test 1 RULE For analyzing repacking performed condition for BTC test valve body maintenance IS repacking performed IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires BTC test FILE Repacking requires BTC test AND 1 RULE For analyzing replaced body bonnet gasket for BTC test IF valve body maintenance IS replaced body to bonnet gasket THEN Valve body maintenance requires BTC test AND FILE Replaced body to bonnet gasket requires BTC test 1 RULE For analyzing seat maintenance condition for BTC test IF valve body maintenance IS maintained seating surface THEN Valve body maintenance requires BTC test AND FILE Seat maintenance requires BTC test 1 RULE For analyzing stem maintenance condition for BTC test IF valve body maintenance IS valve stem maintenance THEN Valve body maintenance requires BTC test FILE Stem maintenance requires BTC test AND 1 ! ! Valve operator maintenance rules for BTC 1 1 RULE For analyzing operator replaced condition for BTC test IF valve operator maintenance IS operator replaced THEN Valve operator maintenance requires BTC test AND FILE Operator replaced requires BTC test 1

RULE For analyzing motor replaced condition for BTC test valve operator maintenance IS motor replaced IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires BTC test FILE Motor replaced requires BTC test AND 1 RULE For analyzing torque switch maint condition for BTC test valve operator maintenance IS torque switch maintained TF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires BTC test FILE Torque switch maint requires BTC test AND 1 RULE For analyzing limit switch maint condition for BTC test valve operator maintenance IS limit switch maintained IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires BTC test AND FILE Limit switch maint requires BTC test 1 RULE For analyzing spring pack work condition for BTC test valve operator maintenance IS spring pack reworked TF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires BTC test FILE Spring pack rework requires BTC test AND RULE For analyzing torque bypass switch condition for BTC test valve operator maintenance IS torque bypass switch maintained IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires BTC test AND FILE Torque bypass switch maint requires BTC test 1 RULE For analyzing operator lubricated condition for BTC test valve operator maintenance IS operator lubricated IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires BTC test AND FILE Operator lubricated requires BTC test ۱ RULE For analyzing electrical wire maint condition for BTC test valve operator maintenance IS electrical wire maintenance IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires BTC test AND FILE Electrical wire maint requires BTC test 1 RULE For analyzing sealtite replacement condition for BTC test IF valve operator maintenance IS replaced sealtite THEN Valve operator maintenance requires BTC test FILE Sealtite replacement requires BTC test AND ! ! ł Motor control center maintenance rules for BTC ł RULE For analyzing breaker maintenance condition for BTC test motor control center maintenance IS breaker maintained IF THEN Motor control center maintenance requires BTC test AND FILE Breaker maintenance requires BTC test ŧ RULE For analyzing handswitch replaced condition for BTC test

motor control center maintenance IS handswitch replaced TF THEN Motor control center maintenance requires BTC test AND FILE Handswitch replaced requires BTC test 1 RULE For analyzing power cable replaced condition for BTC test motor control center maintenance IS power cable replaced IF THEN Motor control center maintenance requires BTC test AND FILE Power cable replaced requires BTC test 1 ٢ ! Rules for BTO test ۱ ! RULE For analyzing BTO test BTO test is required IF BTO test is not required OR THEN BTO test analyzed 1 RULE For determining BTO requirements BTO applicable TF AND Maintenance affects stroke open time THEN BTO test is required ELSE BTO test is not required 1 RULE For driving BTO valve body maintenance conditions Affected system for maintenance IS valve body IF Valve body maintenance requires BTO test AND THEN Maintenance affects stroke open time 1 RULE For driving BTO valve operator maintenance conditions Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator IF AND Valve operator maintenance requires BTO test THEN Maintenance affects stroke open time 1 RULE For driving BTO motor control center maintenance conditions Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center IF AND Motor control center maintenance requires BTO test THEN Maintenance affects stroke open time 1 ! ! Valve body maintenance rules for BTO ! ۱ RULE For analyzing valve replaced condition for BTO test valve body maintenance IS valve replaced IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires BTO test AND FILE Valve replaced requires BTO test 1 RULE For analyzing valve disassembled condition for BTO test IF valve body maintenance IS valve disassembled

THEN Valve body maintenance requires BTO test FILE Valve disassembled requires BTO test AND 1 RULE For analyzing packing adjusted condition for BTO test valve body maintenance IS packing adjusted IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires BTO test AND FILE Packing adjusted requires BTO test RULE For analyzing repacking performed condition for BTO test valve body maintenance IS repacking performed IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires BTO test FILE Repacking requires BTO test AND 1 RULE For analyzing replaced body bonnet gasket for BTO test IF valve body maintenance IS replaced body to bonnet gasket THEN Valve body maintenance requires BTO test AND FILE Replaced body to bonnet gasket requires BTO test RULE For analyzing seat maintenance condition for BTO test TF valve body maintenance IS maintained seating surface THEN Valve body maintenance requires BTO test AND FILE Seat maintenance requires BTO test 1 RULE For analyzing stem maintenance condition for BTO test TF valve body maintenance IS valve stem maintenance THEN Valve body maintenance requires BTO test AND FILE Stem maintenance requires BTO test 1 1 Valve operator maintenance rules for BTO ! 1 RULE For analyzing operator replaced condition for BTO test valve operator maintenance IS operator replaced IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires BTO test AND FILE Operator replaced requires BTO test ١ RULE For analyzing motor replaced condition for BTO test valve operator maintenance IS motor replaced IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires BTO test AND FILE Motor replaced requires BTO test 1 RULE For analyzing torque switch maint condition for BTO test valve operator maintenance IS torque switch maintained IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires BTO test FILE Torque switch maint requires BTO test AND RULE For analyzing limit switch maint condition for BTO test valve operator maintenance IS limit switch maintained IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires BTO test

FILE Limit switch maint requires BTO test AND 1 RULE For analyzing spring pack work condition for BTO test valve operator maintenance IS spring pack reworked IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires BTO test FILE Spring pack rework requires BTO test AND ٠ RULE For analyzing torque bypass switch condition for BTO test IF valve operator maintenance IS torque bypass switch maintained THEN Valve operator maintenance requires BTO test FILE Torque bypass switch maint requires BTO test AND 1 RULE For analyzing operator lubricated condition for BTO test IF valve operator maintenance IS operator lubricated THEN Valve operator maintenance requires BTO test FILE Operator lubricated requires BTO test AND 1 RULE For analyzing electrical wire maint condition for BTO test valve operator maintenance IS electrical wire maintenance IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires BTO test AND FILE Electrical wire maint requires BTO test ! RULE For analyzing sealtite replacement condition for BTO test valve operator maintenance IS replaced sealtite TF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires BTO test FILE Sealtite replacement requires BTO test AND ŧ ۲ 1 Motor control center maintenance rules for BTO RULE For analyzing breaker maintenance condition for BTO test motor control center maintenance IS breaker maintained IF THEN Motor control center maintenance requires BTO test AND FILE Breaker maintenance requires BTO test 1 RULE For analyzing handswitch replaced condition for BTO test IF motor control center maintenance IS handswitch replaced THEN Motor control center maintenance requires BTO test AND FILE Handswitch replaced requires BTO test ٠ RULE For analyzing power cable replaced condition for BTO test IF motor control center maintenance IS power cable replaced THEN Motor control center maintenance requires BTO test AND FILE Power cable replaced requires BTO test ١ ! ! Rules for PIT test ł !

RULE For analyzing PIT test PIT test is required IF PIT test is not required OR THEN PIT test analyzed ۲ RULE For determining PIT requirements IF PIT applicable AND Maintenance affects position indication THEN PIT test is required ELSE PIT test is not required ł RULE For driving PIT valve body maintenance conditions Affected system for maintenance IS valve body TF Valve body maintenance requires PIT test AND THEN Maintenance affects position indication ŧ. RULE For driving PIT valve operator maintenance conditions Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator IF AND Valve operator maintenance requires PIT test THEN Maintenance affects position indication 1 RULE For driving PIT motor control center maintenance conditions Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center IF AND Motor control center maintenance requires PIT test THEN Maintenance affects position indication ! ! ! Valve body maintenance rules for PIT ŧ ! RULE For analyzing valve replaced condition for PIT test valve body maintenance IS valve replaced IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires PIT test AND FILE Valve replaced requires PIT test 1 RULE For analyzing valve disassembled condition for PIT test valve body maintenance IS valve disassembled IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires PIT test AND FILE Valve disassembled requires PIT test ! 1 Valve operator maintenance rules for PIT ! ŧ ł RULE For analyzing operator replaced condition for PIT test valve operator maintenance IS operator replaced IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires PIT test AND FILE Operator replaced requires PIT test 1 RULE For analyzing limit switch maint condition for PIT test

valve operator maintenance IS limit switch maintained IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires PIT test FILE Limit switch maint requires PIT test AND 1 RULE For determining PIT for operator removal The operator must be removed during the maintenance IF THEN Maintenance affects position indication AND FILE Operator removal requires PIT test 1 1 Motor control center maintenance rules for PIT 1 1 ۱ RULE For analyzing breaker maintenance condition for PIT test motor control center maintenance IS breaker maintained IF THEN Motor control center maintenance requires PIT test FILE Breaker maintenance requires PIT test AND 1 RULE For analyzing power cable replaced condition for PIT test motor control center maintenance IS power cable replaced IF THEN Motor control center maintenance requires PIT test AND FILE Power cable replaced requires PIT test 1 ! Rules for AT-1 test ! ŧ ł RULE For analyzing AT1 test AT1 test is required IF OR AT1 test is not required THEN AT1 test analyzed 1 RULE For determining AT1 requirements IF AT1 applicable Maintenance affects valve leakage AT1 AND THEN ATL test is required ELSE AT1 test is not required 1 RULE For driving AT1 valve body maintenance conditions IF Affected system for maintenance IS valve body AND Valve body maintenance requires AT1 test THEN Maintenance affects valve leakage AT1 1 RULE For driving AT1 valve operator maintenance conditions IF Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator AND Valve operator maintenance requires AT1 test THEN Maintenance affects valve leakage AT1 ! RULE For driving AT1 motor control center maintenance conditions Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center IF

AND Motor control center maintenance requires AT1 test THEN Maintenance affects valve leakage AT1 ! ł Valve body maintenance rules for AT1 ! ! 1 RULE For analyzing valve replaced condition for AT1 test valve body maintenance IS valve replaced IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires AT1 test AND FILE Valve replaced requires AT1 test ŧ RULE For analyzing valve disassembled condition for AT1 test valve body maintenance IS valve disassembled IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires AT1 test AND FILE Valve disassembled requires AT1 test ŧ RULE For analyzing packing adjusted condition for AT1 test valve body maintenance IS packing adjusted IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires AT1 test FILE Packing adjusted requires AT1 test AND Ŧ RULE For analyzing repacking performed condition for AT1 test valve body maintenance IS repacking performed IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires AT1 test FILE Repacking requires AT1 test AND RULE For analyzing seat maintenance condition for AT1 test IF valve body maintenance IS maintained seating surface THEN Valve body maintenance requires AT1 test FILE Seat maintenance requires AT1 test AND ١ RULE For analyzing stem maintenance condition for AT1 test IF valve body maintenance IS valve stem maintenance THEN Valve body maintenance requires AT1 test AND FILE Stem maintenance requires AT1 test 1 ł ŧ Valve operator maintenance rules for AT1 ł ۱ RULE For analyzing operator replaced condition for AT1 test IF valve operator maintenance IS operator replaced THEN Valve operator maintenance requires AT1 test AND FILE Operator replaced requires AT1 test ŧ RULE For analyzing motor replaced condition for AT1 test valve operator maintenance IS motor replaced IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires AT1 test AND FILE Motor replaced requires AT1 test

1 RULE For analyzing torque switch maint condition for AT1 test valve operator maintenance IS torque switch maintained IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires AT1 test AND FILE Torque switch maint requires AT1 test 1 RULE For analyzing limit switch maint condition for AT1 test TF valve operator maintenance IS limit switch maintained THEN Valve operator maintenance requires AT1 test AND FILE Limit switch maint requires AT1 test ! RULE For analyzing spring pack work condition for AT1 test IF valve operator maintenance IS spring pack reworked THEN Valve operator maintenance requires AT1 test AND FILE Spring pack rework requires AT1 test ! RULE For analyzing torque bypass switch condition for AT1 test valve operator maintenance IS torque bypass switch maintained IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires AT1 test AND FILE Torque bypass switch maint requires AT1 test 1 RULE For analyzing operator lubricated condition for AT1 test valve operator maintenance IS operator lubricated IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires AT1 test FILE Operator lubricated requires AT1 test AND 1 RULE For analyzing electrical wire maint condition for AT1 test valve operator maintenance IS electrical wire maintenance IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires AT1 test AND FILE Electrical wire maint requires AT1 test ! ۱ ! Motor control center maintenance rules for AT1 ! ! RULE For analyzing breaker maintenance condition for AT1 test motor control center maintenance IS breaker maintained IF THEN Motor control center maintenance requires AT1 test AND FILE Breaker maintenance requires AT1 test ! RULE For analyzing handswitch replaced condition for AT1 test motor control center maintenance IS handswitch replaced IF THEN Motor control center maintenance requires AT1 test AND FILE Handswitch replaced requires AT1 test 1 RULE For analyzing power cable replaced condition for AT1 test IF motor control center maintenance IS power cable replaced THEN Motor control center maintenance requires AT1 test AND FILE Power cable replaced requires AT1 test 1

! Rules for AT-5 test ! ! ! RULE For analyzing AT5 test IF AT5 test is required AT5 test is not required OR THEN AT5 test analyzed 1 RULE For determining AT5 requirements IF AT5 applicable Maintenance affects valve leakage AT5 AND THEN AT5 test is required ELSE AT5 test is not required Ŧ RULE For driving AT5 valve body maintenance conditions Affected system for maintenance IS valve body IF AND Valve body maintenance requires AT5 test THEN Maintenance affects valve leakage AT5 ٠ RULE For driving AT5 valve operator maintenance conditions TF Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator AND Valve operator maintenance requires AT5 test THEN Maintenance affects valve leakage AT5 ۲ RULE For driving AT5 motor control center maintenance conditions IF Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center AND Motor control center maintenance requires AT5 test THEN Maintenance affects valve leakage AT5 1 1 ! Valve body maintenance rules for AT5 ! 1 RULE For analyzing valve replaced condition for AT5 test IF valve body maintenance IS valve replaced THEN Valve body maintenance requires AT5 test AND FILE Valve replaced requires AT5 test 1 RULE For analyzing valve disassembled condition for AT5 test IF valve body maintenance IS valve disassembled THEN Valve body maintenance requires AT5 test AND FILE Valve disassembled requires AT5 test ! RULE For analyzing packing adjusted condition for AT5 test valve body maintenance IS packing adjusted IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires AT5 test AND FILE Packing adjusted requires AT5 test 1 RULE For analyzing repacking performed condition for AT5 test

valve body maintenance IS repacking performed IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires AT5 test FILE Repacking requires AT5 test AND ٢ RULE For analyzing seat maintenance condition for AT5 test valve body maintenance IS maintained seating surface IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires AT5 test FILE Seat maintenance requires AT5 test AND 1 RULE For analyzing stem maintenance condition for AT5 test valve body maintenance IS valve stem maintenance IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires AT5 test FILE Stem maintenance requires AT5 test AND ۱ 1 Valve operator maintenance rules for AT5 ! ٠ ł RULE For analyzing operator replaced condition for AT5 test IF valve operator maintenance IS operator replaced THEN Valve operator maintenance requires AT5 test AND FILE Operator replaced requires AT5 test ٢ RULE For analyzing motor replaced condition for AT5 test valve operator maintenance IS motor replaced IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires AT5 test FILE Motor replaced requires AT5 test AND ŧ RULE For analyzing torque switch maint condition for AT5 test valve operator maintenance IS torque switch maintained IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires AT5 test AND FILE Torque switch maint requires AT5 test RULE For analyzing limit switch maint condition for AT5 test IF valve operator maintenance IS limit switch maintained THEN Valve operator maintenance requires AT5 test AND FILE Limit switch maint requires AT5 test RULE For analyzing spring pack work condition for AT5 test IF valve operator maintenance IS spring pack reworked THEN Valve operator maintenance requires AT5 test AND FILE Spring pack rework requires AT5 test RULE For analyzing torque bypass switch condition for AT5 test IF valve operator maintenance IS torque bypass switch maintained THEN Valve operator maintenance requires AT5 test AND FILE Torque bypass switch maint requires AT5 test 1 RULE For analyzing operator lubricated condition for AT5 test IF valve operator maintenance IS operator lubricated

THEN Valve operator maintenance requires AT5 test FILE Operator lubricated requires AT5 test AND ! RULE For analyzing electrical wire maint condition for AT5 test IF valve operator maintenance IS electrical wire maintenance THEN Valve operator maintenance requires AT5 test FILE Electrical wire maint requires AT5 test AND 1 ! ! Motor control center maintenance rules for AT5 ! 1 RULE For analyzing breaker maintenance condition for AT5 test motor control center maintenance IS breaker maintained IF THEN Motor control center maintenance requires AT5 test FILE Breaker maintenance requires AT5 test AND 1 RULE For analyzing handswitch replaced condition for AT5 test IF motor control center maintenance IS handswitch replaced THEN Motor control center maintenance requires AT5 test FILE Handswitch replaced requires AT5 test AND 1 RULE For analyzing power cable replaced condition for AT5 test IF motor control center maintenance IS power cable replaced THEN Motor control center maintenance requires AT5 test FILE Power cable replaced requires AT5 test AND ŧ. 1 1 Rules for CT-CC test ł ١ RULE For analyzing CTCC test IF CTCC test is required OR CTCC test is not required THEN CTCC test analyzed ! RULE For determining CTCC requirements IF CTCC applicable Maintenance affects check valve stroke close time AND THEN CTCC test is required ELSE CTCC test is not required 1 RULE For driving CTCC valve body maintenance conditions IF Affected system for maintenance IS valve body AND Valve body maintenance requires CTCC test THEN Maintenance affects check valve stroke close time 1 RULE For driving CTCC valve operator maintenance conditions IF Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator AND Valve operator maintenance requires CTCC test

THEN Maintenance affects check valve stroke close time ۱ ! Valve body maintenance rules for CTCC ١ 1 ŧ RULE For analyzing valve replaced condition for CTCC test IF valve body maintenance IS valve replaced THEN Valve body maintenance requires CTCC test FILE Valve replaced requires CTCC test AND 1 RULE For analyzing valve disassembled condition for CTCC test valve body maintenance IS valve disassembled IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires CTCC test AND FILE Valve disassembled requires CTCC test 1 RULE For analyzing packing adjusted condition for CTCC test valve body maintenance IS packing adjusted IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires CTCC test AND FILE Packing adjusted requires CTCC test 1 RULE For analyzing repacking performed condition for CTCC test valve body maintenance IS repacking performed IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires CTCC test AND FILE Repacking requires CTCC test . RULE For analyzing seat maintenance condition for CTCC test valve body maintenance IS maintained seating surface IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires CTCC test AND FILE Seat maintenance requires CTCC test ٠ RULE For analyzing stem maintenance condition for CTCC test valve body maintenance IS valve stem maintenance IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires CTCC test AND FILE Stem maintenance requires CTCC test ۲ 1 ! Valve operator maintenance rules for CTCC + 1 RULE For analyzing operator replaced condition for CTCC test valve operator maintenance IS operator replaced IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires CTCC test AND FILE Operator replaced requires CTCC test 1 RULE For analyzing electrical wire maint condition for CTCC test IF valve operator maintenance IS electrical wire maintenance THEN Valve operator maintenance requires CTCC test AND FILE Electrical wire maint requires CTCC test 1

ł Rules for system pressure test ! ! ! RULE For analyzing SYSPR test SYSPR test is required IF SYSPR test is not required OR THEN SYSPR test analyzed 1 RULE For determining SYSPR requirements IF SYSPR applicable AND Maintenance affects system pressure boundary THEN SYSPR test is required ELSE SYSPR test is not required 1 RULE For determining applicability of SYSPR test Valve size > 1. IF THEN SYSPR applicable ELSE NOT SYSPR applicable RULE For driving SYSPR valve body maintenance conditions Affected system for maintenance IS valve body IF AND Valve body maintenance requires SYSPR test THEN Maintenance affects system pressure boundary 1 ! ! Valve body maintenance rules for SYSPR ! 1 RULE For analyzing valve replaced condition for SYSPR test valve body maintenance IS valve replaced IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires SYSPR test AND FILE Valve replaced requires SYSPR test 1 RULE For analyzing valve disassembled condition for SYSPR test valve body maintenance IS valve disassembled IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires SYSPR test AND FILE Valve disassembled requires SYSPR test ۱ RULE For analyzing seat maintenance condition for SYSPR test TF valve body maintenance IS maintained seating surface THEN Valve body maintenance requires SYSPR test AND FILE Seat maintenance requires SYSPR test ! ! 1 Rules For Tag Out Determination ! ۱ RULE For driving tag out determination FILE tag out header

IF Tag out is required OR Tag out is not required THEN Tag out determined 1 RULE For calling tag out rules Maintenance warrants control panel notice IF THEN Tag out is required AND TAGO := Y ELSE Tag out is not required AND TAGO := N ۲ RULE For driving tag out valve body maintenance conditions Affected system for maintenance IS valve body IF Valve body maintenance requires tag out AND THEN Maintenance warrants control panel notice ! RULE For driving tag out valve operator maintenance conditions Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator IF Valve operator maintenance requires tag out AND THEN Maintenance warrants control panel notice 1 RULE For driving tag out motor control center maintenance conditions Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center IF Motor control center maintenance requires tag out AND THEN Maintenance warrants control panel notice ! ! ! Valve body maintenance rules for tag out 1 RULE For analyzing valve replaced condition for tag out IF valve body maintenance IS valve replaced THEN Valve body maintenance requires tag out AND FILE Valve replaced requires tag out 1 RULE For analyzing valve disassembled condition for tag out IF valve body maintenance IS valve disassembled THEN Valve body maintenance requires tag out FILE Valve disassembled requires tag out AND RULE For analyzing repacking performed condition for tag out valve body maintenance IS repacking performed IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires tag out AND FILE Repacking requires tag out ۲ RULE For analyzing replaced body bonnet gasket for tag out valve body maintenance IS replaced body to bonnet gasket IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires tag out FILE Replaced body to bonnet gasket requires tag out AND ۱

RULE For analyzing seat maintenance condition for tag out valve body maintenance IS maintained seating surface IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires tag out FILE Seat maintenance requires tag out AND 1 RULE For analyzing stem maintenance condition for tag out valve body maintenance IS valve stem maintenance IF THEN Valve body maintenance requires tag out FILE Stem maintenance requires tag out AND 1 ! ! Valve operator maintenance rules for tag out 1 RULE For analyzing operator replaced condition for tag out valve operator maintenance IS operator replaced IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires tag out FILE Operator replaced requires tag out AND 1 RULE For analyzing motor replaced condition for tag out valve operator maintenance IS motor replaced IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires tag out AND FILE Motor replaced requires tag out ٠ RULE For analyzing torque switch maint condition for tag out valve operator maintenance IS torque switch maintained IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires tag out AND FILE Torque switch maint requires tag out 1 RULE For analyzing limit switch maint condition for tag out valve operator maintenance IS limit switch maintained IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires tag out AND FILE Limit switch maint requires tag out 1 RULE For analyzing spring pack work condition for tag out valve operator maintenance IS spring pack reworked IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires tag out AND FILE Spring pack rework requires tag out ! RULE For analyzing torque bypass switch condition for tag out valve operator maintenance IS torque bypass switch maintained IF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires tag out AND FILE Torque bypass switch maint requires tag out ! RULE For analyzing handwheel maintenance condition for tag out IF valve operator maintenance IS handwheel maintenance THEN Valve operator maintenance requires tag out AND FILE Handwheel maintenance requires tag out 1 RULE For analyzing electrical wire maint condition for tag out

IF valve operator maintenance IS electrical wire maintenance THEN Valve operator maintenance requires tag out AND FILE Electrical wire maint requires tag out 1 RULE For analyzing sealtite replacement condition for tag out valve operator maintenance IS replaced sealtite TF THEN Valve operator maintenance requires tag out AND FILE Sealtite replacement requires tag out 1 RULE For determining tag out for operator removal The operator must be opened during the maintenance IF THEN Maintenance warrants control panel notice FILE Operator removal requires tag out AND 1 ! ! Motor control center maintenance rules for tag out 1 1 RULE For analyzing power cable replaced condition for tag out motor control center maintenance IS power cable replaced TF THEN Motor control center maintenance requires tag out FILE Power cable replaced requires tag out AND ! 1 ! Rules For Determining Heavy Load 1 ! RULE For determining heavy load requirements FILE heavy load header IF Heavy load is indicated OR Heavy load is not indicated THEN Heavy load determined 1 RULE For checking conditions for heavy load notice IF The operator must be removed during the maintenance AND The operator size is large THEN Heavy load is indicated HLOD := YAND AND FILE heavy load indicated ELSE Heavy load is not indicated AND HLOD := N AND FILE heavy load not indicated 1 ! ł Rules For Determining Primary Containment Application ! ٠ RULE For determining primary containment FILE primary containment header Primary containment is indicated TF

```
OR
      Primary containment is not indicated
THEN Primary containment determined
!
RULE For checking conditions for primary containment notice
      The valve is in the list of primary containment valves
IF
THEN
      Primary containment is indicated
AND
      PCON := Y
AND
      FILE primary containment indicated
ELSE Primary containment is not indicated
AND
      PCON := N
AND
      FILE primary containment not indicated
1
RULE For examining the list of primary containment valves
      Valve ID = "MO 4423"
IF
      Valve ID ="MO 4424"
OR
      Valve ID ="MO 4441"
OR
OR
      Valve ID ="MO 2312"
      Valve ID ="MO 2740"
OR
      Valve ID ="MO 4442"
OR
      Valve ID ="MO 4424"
OR
OR
      Valve ID ="MO 4424"
OR
     Valve ID ="MO 4424"
     Valve ID ="MO 4424"
OR
      Valve ID ="MO 2512"
OR
      Valve ID ="MO 2400"
OR
OR
      Valve ID ="MO 2401"
OR
      Valve ID ="MO 2238"
OR
      Valve ID ="MO 2239"
     Valve ID ="MO 2700"
OR
OR
     Valve ID ="MO 2701"
OR
      Valve ID ="MO 2115"
      Valve ID ="MO 2117"
OR
OR
      Valve ID ="MO 2135"
OR
      Valve ID = "MO 2137"
OR
      Valve ID ="MO 4841A"
      Valve ID ="MO 4841B"
OR
      Valve ID = "MO 2290A"
OR
OR
      Valve ID ="MO 2290B"
THEN The valve is in the list of primary containment valves
!
!
!
      Rule for determining ASME application
!
!
RULE
      For calculating ASME information
IF
      ASME code
THEN ASME determined
      ASME := Y
AND
ELSE ASME determined
AND
    ASME := N
```

١ Rules for determining miscellaneous maintenance actions ! ۱ ŧ RULE For determining if operator must be removed Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator IF valve operator maintenance IS operator lubricated AND gear case lubricant is replaced AND THEN The operator must be removed during the maintenance AND The operator must be opened during the maintenance 1 For determining if operator needn't be removed lub oprtr RULE Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator IF AND valve operator maintenance IS operator lubricated operator lubricant needs to be added AND THEN NOT The operator must be removed during the maintenance AND NOT The operator must be opened during the maintenance ۲ RULE For determining if operator needn't be removed lub ls Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator IF valve operator maintenance IS operator lubricated AND limit switch compartment needs lube replaced AND THEN NOT The operator must be removed during the maintenance AND NOT The operator must be opened during the maintenance ۴ 1 ! Rules for displaying test determination results 1 ! RULE For assigning tests for display BTC assigned IF AND BTO assigned AND PIT assigned AND AT1 assigned AND AT5 assigned AND CTCC assigned AND SYSPR assigned THEN Test assignments have been made 1 RULE For assigning BTC for display #1 IF NOT BTC applicable THEN BTC assigned AND BTC display := BTC stroke close test is not applicable 1 RULE For assigning BTC for display #2 BTC test is required IF THEN BTC assigned BTC display := BTC stroke close test is required AND !

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!

RULE For assigning BTC for display #3 BTC test is not required IF THEN BTC assigned BTC display := BTC stroke close test is not required AND 1 RULE For assigning BTO for display #1 IF NOT BTO applicable THEN BTO assigned BTO display := BTO stroke open test is not applicable AND ! RULE For assigning BTO for display #2 BTO test is required IF THEN BTO assigned AND BTO display := BTO stroke open test is required 1 RULE For assigning BTO for display #3 BTO test is not required IF THEN BTO assigned BTO display := BTO stroke open test is not required AND ŧ RULE For assigning PIT for display #1 NOT PIT applicable IF THEN PIT assigned PIT display := PIT position indication test is not applicable AND ٠ RULE For assigning PIT for display #2 PIT test is required TF THEN PIT assigned AND PIT display := PIT position indication test is required ۲ RULE For assigning PIT for display #3 PIT test is not required IF THEN PIT assigned AND PIT display := PIT position indication test is not required 1 RULE For assigning AT1 for display #1 IF NOT AT1 applicable THEN AT1 assigned AND AT1 display := AT1 leakage test is not applicable ١ RULE For assigning AT1 for display #2 AT1 test is required IF THEN ATL assigned AND AT1 display := AT1 leakage test is required . RULE For assigning AT1 for display #3 IF AT1 test is not required THEN ATL assigned AND AT1 display := AT1 leakage test is not required ٢

RULE For assigning AT5 for display #1 IF NOT AT5 applicable THEN AT5 assigned AT5 display := AT5 leakage test is not applicable AND RULE For assigning AT5 for display #2 AT5 test is required IF THEN AT5 assigned AND AT5 display := AT5 leakage test is required 1 RULE For assigning AT5 for display #3 AT5 test is not required TF THEN AT5 assigned AND AT5 display := AT5 leakage test is not required 1 RULE For assigning CTCC for display #1 NOT CTCC applicable IF THEN CTCC assigned CTCC display := CTCC check valve stroke test is not applicable AND ٠ RULE For assigning CTCC for display #2 CTCC test is required IF THEN CTCC assigned CTCC display := CTCC check valve stroke test is required AND 1 RULE For assigning CTCC for display #3 CTCC test is not required TF THEN CTCC assigned AND CTCC display := CTCC check valve stroke test is not required 1 RULE For assigning SYSPR for display #1 NOT SYSPR applicable IF THEN SYSPR assigned AND SYSPR display := System pressure test is not applicable 1 RULE For assigning SYSPR for display #2 IF SYSPR test is required THEN SYSPR assigned AND SYSPR display := System pressure test is required 1 RULE For assigning SYSPR for display #3 IF SYSPR test is not required THEN SYSPR assigned AND SYSPR display := System pressure test is not required ! ٠ ! ! Information Displays 1

! ! TEXT References ! ١ ۱ TEXT Print item Select all the items you would like printed ! TEXT Affected system for maintenance Select all the valve systems affected by maintenance work ٠ TEXT valve body maintenance Select all the maintenance activities performed on the valve body ŧ TEXT valve replaced Valve body was completely replaced 1 TEXT valve disassembled Valve was disassembled so that the pressure seal was broken (bonnet removed) 1 TEXT packing adjusted Valve packing was adjusted ۴ TEXT repacking performed Repacking was performed on the valve 1 TEXT replaced body to bonnet gasket The body to bonnet gasket was replaced ļ TEXT maintained seating surface The valve seating surface was maintained TEXT valve stem maintenance The valve stem was maintained TEXT valve operator maintenance Select all the maintenance activities performed on the valve operator ! TEXT operator replaced Valve operator was replaced

1 TEXT motor replaced Valve operator motor was replaced 1 TEXT torque switch maintained Torque switch was maintained (replaced, adjusted, rewired) 1 TEXT limit switch maintained Limit switch was maintained (replaced, adjusted, rewired) ١ TEXT spring pack reworked Spring pack was reworked ! TEXT torque bypass switch maintained Torque bypass switch was maintained (replaced, adjusted, rewired) ! TEXT operator lubricated Valve operator was lubricated TEXT electrical wire maintenance Electrical wire maintenance was performed 1 TEXT replaced sealtite Replaced sealtite from operator to motor ١ TEXT handwheel maintenance Handwheel maintenance was performed 1 TEXT motor control center maintenance Select all the maintenance activities performed on the motor control center ١ TEXT breaker maintained Breaker was replaced or rewired 1 TEXT handswitch replaced Handswitch was replaced ! TEXT power cable replaced Power cable was replaced TEXT The operator size is large Is the valve operator larger than a SB-0? ٠ TEXT gear case lubricant is replaced

Does operator lubrication consist of the replacement of the gear case lubricant? 1 TEXT operator lubricant needs to be added Does operator lubrication consist of adding lubrication to the valve operator? TEXT limit switch compartment needs lube replaced Does operator lubrication consist of replacing lubrication in the limit switch compartment? 1 ! 1 DISPLAY References 1 ۱ DISPLAY maintenance planning header \*\*\*\*\* Documentation file for maintenance planning for MO valve [Valve ID]. The P & ID for this valve is [Valve P&ID] [P&ID coord]. \*\*\*\*\* DISPLAY post maintenance testing header POST MAINTENANCE TESTING Documentation ! DISPLAY No required test number 1 - No test is required due to NO TEST condition 1 1 DISPLAY Valve replaced requires BTC test - A BTC test is required since the valve body was replaced ! DISPLAY Valve disassembled requires BTC test

- A BTC test is required since the valve was disassembled ! DISPLAY Packing adjusted requires BTC test - A BTC test is required since the packing was adjusted 1 DISPLAY Repacking requires BTC test - A BTC test is required since the valve was repacked DISPLAY Replaced body to bonnet gasket requires BTC test - A BTC test is required since the body to bonnet gasket was replaced ! DISPLAY Seat maintenance requires BTC test - A BTC test is required since the valve seat surface was maintained DISPLAY Stem maintenance requires BTC test - A BTC test is required since the valve stem was maintained DISPLAY Operator replaced requires BTC test - A BTC test is required since the valve operator was replaced DISPLAY Motor replaced requires BTC test - A BTC test is required since the operator motor was replaced ! DISPLAY Torque switch maint requires BTC test - A BTC test is required since the torque switch was maintained Limit switch maint requires BTC test DISPLAY - A BTC test is required since the limit switch

was maintained ł DISPLAY Spring pack rework requires BTC test - A BTC test is required since the spring pack was reworked ł DISPLAY Torque bypass switch maint requires BTC test - A BTC test is required since the torque bypass switch was maintained ŧ DISPLAY Operator lubricated requires BTC test - A BTC test is required since the operator was lubricated ł DISPLAY Electrical wire maint requires BTC test - A BTC test is required since operator electrical wires were maintained ۱ DISPLAY Sealtite replacement requires BTC test - A BTC test is required since the sealtite from the operator to the motor was replaced ! DISPLAY Breaker maintenance requires BTC test - A BTC test is required since the breaker was maintained ŧ DISPLAY Handswitch replaced requires BTC test - A BTC test is required since the handswitch was replaced 1 DISPLAY Power cable replaced requires BTC test - A BTC test is required since power cables were replaced !

DISPLAY Valve replaced requires BTO test - A BTO test is required since the valve body was replaced 1 DISPLAY Valve disassembled requires BTO test - A BTO test is required since the valve was disassembled DISPLAY Packing adjusted requires BTO test - A BTO test is required since the packing was adjusted 1 DISPLAY Repacking requires BTO test - A BTO test is required since the valve was repacked ١ DISPLAY Replaced body to bonnet gasket requires BTO test - A BTO test is required since the body to bonnet gasket was replaced ŧ DISPLAY Seat maintenance requires BTO test - A BTO test is required since the valve seat surface was maintained 1 DISPLAY Stem maintenance requires BTO test - A BTO test is required since the valve stem was maintained DISPLAY Operator replaced requires BTO test - A BTO test is required since the valve operator was replaced ! DISPLAY Motor replaced requires BTO test - A BTO test is required since the operator motor was replaced DISPLAY Torque switch maint requires BTO test - A BTO test is required since the torque switch

was maintained I DISPLAY Limit switch maint requires BTO test - A BTO test is required since the limit switch was maintained ۱ DISPLAY Spring pack rework requires BTO test - A BTO test is required since the spring pack was reworked ! DISPLAY Torque bypass switch maint requires BTO test - A BTO test is required since the torque bypass switch was maintained DISPLAY Operator lubricated requires BTO test - A BTO test is required since the operator was lubricated 1 DISPLAY Electrical wire maint requires BTO test - A BTO test is required since operator electrical wires were maintained ! DISPLAY Sealtite replacement requires BTO test - A BTO test is required since the sealtite from the operator to the motor was replaced DISPLAY Breaker maintenance requires BTO test - A BTO test is required since the breaker was maintained DISPLAY Handswitch replaced requires BTO test - A BTO test is required since the handswitch was replaced !

DISPLAY Power cable replaced requires BTO test - A BTO test is required since power cables were replaced ŧ DISPLAY Valve replaced requires PIT test - A PIT test is required since the valve body was replaced ł DISPLAY Valve disassembled requires PIT test - A PIT test is required since the valve was disassembled ł DISPLAY Operator replaced requires PIT test - A PIT test is required since the valve operator was replaced DISPLAY Limit switch maint requires PIT test - A PIT test is required since the limit switch was maintained ŧ DISPLAY Operator removal requires PIT test - A PIT test is required since the operator was removed during the maintenance ŧ DISPLAY Breaker maintenance requires PIT test - A PIT test is required since the breaker was maintained ! DISPLAY Power cable replaced requires PIT test - A PIT test is required since power cables were replaced ۱ DISPLAY Valve replaced requires AT1 test - A AT1 test is required since the valve body was replaced !

DISPLAY Valve disassembled requires AT1 test - A AT1 test is required since the valve was disassembled DISPLAY Packing adjusted requires AT1 test - A AT1 test is required since the packing was adjusted DISPLAY Repacking requires AT1 test - A AT1 test is required since the valve was repacked 1 DISPLAY Seat maintenance requires AT1 test - A AT1 test is required since the valve seat surface was maintained DISPLAY Stem maintenance requires AT1 test - A AT1 test is required since the valve stem was maintained ŧ DISPLAY Operator replaced requires AT1 test - A AT1 test is required since the valve operator was replaced DISPLAY Motor replaced requires AT1 test - A AT1 test is required since the operator motor was replaced DISPLAY Torque switch maint requires AT1 test - A AT1 test is required since the torque switch was maintained DISPLAY Limit switch maint requires AT1 test - A AT1 test is required since the limit switch was maintained DISPLAY Spring pack rework requires AT1 test

```
- A AT1 test is required since the spring pack
    was reworked
!
DISPLAY Torque bypass switch maint requires AT1 test
   - A AT1 test is required since the torque bypass switch
     was maintained
DISPLAY Operator lubricated requires AT1 test
   - A AT1 test is required since the operator was lubricated
1
DISPLAY Electrical wire maint requires AT1 test
   - A AT1 test is required since operator electrical
     wires were maintained
٢
DISPLAY Breaker maintenance requires AT1 test
   - A AT1 test is required since the breaker
     was maintained
۲
DISPLAY Handswitch replaced requires AT1 test
   - A AT1 test is required since the handswitch
     was replaced
DISPLAY Power cable replaced requires AT1 test
   - A AT1 test is required since power cables
     were replaced
۱
DISPLAY Valve replaced requires AT5 test
   - A AT5 test is required since the valve body was replaced
!
DISPLAY Valve disassembled requires AT5 test
   - A AT5 test is required since the valve was disassembled
٠
DISPLAY Packing adjusted requires AT5 test
```

- A AT5 test is required since the packing was adjusted DISPLAY Repacking requires AT5 test - A AT5 test is required since the valve was repacked ! DISPLAY Seat maintenance requires AT5 test - A AT5 test is required since the valve seat surface was maintained ١ DISPLAY Stem maintenance requires AT5 test - A AT5 test is required since the valve stem was maintained 1 DISPLAY Operator replaced requires AT5 test - A AT5 test is required since the valve operator was replaced ! DISPLAY Motor replaced requires AT5 test - A AT5 test is required since the operator motor was replaced 1 DISPLAY Torque switch maint requires AT5 test - A AT5 test is required since the torque switch was maintained ١ DISPLAY Limit switch maint requires AT5 test - A AT5 test is required since the limit switch was maintained ! DISPLAY Spring pack rework requires AT5 test - A AT5 test is required since the spring pack was reworked ۱ DISPLAY Torque bypass switch maint requires AT5 test

```
- A AT5 test is required since the torque bypass switch
     was maintained
DISPLAY Operator lubricated requires AT5 test
   - A AT5 test is required since the operator was lubricated
١
DISPLAY Electrical wire maint requires AT5 test
   - A AT5 test is required since operator electrical
     wires were maintained
٠
DISPLAY Breaker maintenance requires AT5 test
   - A AT5 test is required since the breaker
     was maintained
DISPLAY
        Handswitch replaced requires AT5 test
   - A AT5 test is required since the handswitch
     was replaced
!
DISPLAY Power cable replaced requires AT5 test
   - A AT5 test is required since power cables
     were replaced
1
DISPLAY Valve replaced requires CTCC test
   - A CTCC test is required since the valve body was replaced
DISPLAY Valve disassembled requires CTCC test
   - A CTCC test is required since the valve was disassembled
DISPLAY Packing adjusted requires CTCC test
   - A CTCC test is required since the packing was adjusted
١
DISPLAY Repacking requires CTCC test
```

- A CTCC test is required since the valve was repacked ! DISPLAY Seat maintenance requires CTCC test - A CTCC test is required since the valve seat surface was maintained ! DISPLAY Stem maintenance requires CTCC test - A CTCC test is required since the valve stem was maintained 1 DISPLAY Operator replaced requires CTCC test - A CTCC test is required since the valve operator was replaced 1 DISPLAY Electrical wire maint requires CTCC test - A CTCC test is required since operator electrical wires were maintained ! DISPLAY Valve replaced requires SYSPR test - A SYSPR test is required since the valve body was replaced ! DISPLAY Valve disassembled requires SYSPR test - A SYSPR test is required since the valve was disassembled 1 DISPLAY Seat maintenance requires SYSPR test - A SYSPR test is required since the valve seat surface was maintained ! DISPLAY tag out header TAG OUT Documentation \_\_\_\_\_ ! DISPLAY Valve replaced requires tag out

- Tag out is required since the valve body was replaced ! DISPLAY Valve disassembled requires tag out - Tag out is required since the valve was disassembled 1 DISPLAY Repacking requires tag out - Tag out is required since the valve was repacked ŧ DISPLAY Replaced body to bonnet gasket requires tag out - Tag out is required since the body to bonnet gasket was replaced 1 DISPLAY Seat maintenance requires tag out - Tag out is required since the valve seat surface was maintained 1 Stem maintenance requires tag out DISPLAY - Tag out is required since the valve stem was maintained 1 DISPLAY Operator replaced requires tag out - Tag out is required since the valve operator was replaced 1 DISPLAY Motor replaced requires tag out - Tag out is required since the operator motor was replaced ٠ DISPLAY Torque switch maint requires BTO test - Tag out is required since the torque switch was maintained DISPLAY Limit switch maint requires tag out - Tag out is required since the limit switch
was maintained DISPLAY Spring pack rework requires tag out - Tag out is required since the spring pack was reworked ŧ DISPLAY Torque bypass switch maint requires tag out - Tag out is required since the torque bypass switch was maintained ł DISPLAY Handwheel maintenance requires tag out - Tag out is required since the operator handwheel was maintained ١ DISPLAY Electrical wire maint requires tag out - Tag out is required since operator electrical wires were maintained ! DISPLAY Sealtite replacement requires tag out - Tag out is required since the sealtite from the operator to the motor was replaced ۲ DISPLAY Operator removal requires tag out - Tag out is required since operator was removed during the maintenance ł DISPLAY Power cable replaced requires tag out - Tag out is required since power cables were replaced ١ DISPLAY heavy load header HEAVY LOAD Documentation \_\_\_\_\_

! DISPLAY heavy load indicated - Heavy load is indicated since the operator must be removed during the maintenance and the operator size is large ١ DISPLAY heavy load not indicated - Heavy load is not indicated since either the operator need not be removed during the maintenance or the operator size is not too large 1 DISPLAY primary containment header PRIMARY CONTAINMENT Documentation ł DISPLAY primary containment indicated - Primary containment is indicated since the valve is in the list of primary containment valves 1 DISPLAY primary containment not indicated - Primary containment is not indicated since the valve is not in the list of primary containment valves 1 DISPLAY screen results \*\*\* Valve Maintenance Planning Results \*\*\* Valve ID: [Valve ID] P&ID: [Valve P&ID] [P&ID coord] QL: pri cont: [PCON] NPRDS: tagout: [TAGO] req for S/U: CCP: MIF: CCP: proc#1: ASME: [ASME] pro J&LL: heavy load: [HLOD] proc#2: RWP: fire prot: EQ: proc#3: ----- post-maintenance requirement ------

```
[BTC display]
           [BTO display]
           [PIT display]
           [AT1 display]
           [AT5 display]
           [CTCC display]
           [SYSPR display]
!
DISPLAY documentation file for planning
   A supplementary documentation of this session can be
   obtained be printing out the file "IEPLAN.DOC" using
   the DOS command
     "PRINT IEPLAN.DOC".
!
!
     ******
              *******
!*
!
!
  End of Knowledge Base
!
!
!
END
```

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```
IEBATCH.PRL
```

```
TITLE Valve Maintenance Planning Batch Testing Knowledge Base
!
ŧ
١
!
   Shared Parameters
ł
$ IESHARED.PRL
ł
    *****
!****
1
!
   Data Type Declarations
$ IEDECLAR.PRL
Ŧ
ŧ
   Parameter Initialization Statements
!
!
INIT Number of cases := 3
AND
    Run mode IS batch test
AND
   Print item IS Nothing
AND
   Print item IS Valve maintenance planning results CF 0
AND
   Print item IS Line of reasoning report CF 0
AND
   Planning documentation file := "IEPLAN.DOC"
AND
   One := 1
   Fail CF 0
AND
AND
    Test case number := 0
REINIT Number of cases := 3
AND
   Run mode IS batch test
AND
    Print item IS Nothing
   Print item IS Valve maintenance planning results CF 0
AND
AND
   Print item IS Line of reasoning report CF 0
AND
   Planning documentation file := "IEPLAN.DOC"
AND
   One := 1
```

AND Fail CF 0 ! 1 1 ! Control Element Selectors Ŧ ! 1 GOALSELECT OFF \$ IEMULTI.PRL SUPPRESS ALL 1 ! ! 1 Goal Outline ! ! 1 1. Run the batch test cases 1.1. Drive batch testing 1.1.1. Store test case results 1.1.2. Test case processed 1.1.3. Test case processing complete 2. Compare two batch test results 3. Display batch test case results 4. Quit batch test knowledge base execution ! ! 1 ! Knowledge Base Rules ! \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* ! ! ! Goal Processing Rules ! 1 RULE To ask if batch test case running is required IF Batch test task IS run batch test cases THEN Run the batch test cases 1 RULE To drive batch testing IF Test case number = 0 AND ASK Batch test case file AND ACTIVATE IENFILE.COM

DISK IEPARAM.DAT SEND Planning documentation file THEN Drive batch testing ELSE Drive batch testing ١ RULE To ask if batch test result comparison is required Batch test task IS batch test result comparison IF AND ASK First test case file AND ASK Second test case file ACTIVATE IECOMPAR.COM AND DISK IEPARAM.DAT SEND First test case file SEND Second test case file THEN Compare two batch test results AND FORGET Batch test task AND FORGET Run the batch test cases AND FORGET Drive batch testing AND FORGET Store test case results AND FORGET Test case processed AND FORGET Test case processing complete AND FORGET Compare two batch test results AND FORGET Display batch test case results AND CYCLE 1 RULE To ask if batch test result display is required IF Batch test task IS display batch test results ASK Display test case file AND ACTIVATE IEDISPLA.COM AND DISK IEPARAM.DAT SEND Display test case file THEN Display batch test case results FORGET Batch test task AND AND FORGET Run the batch test cases AND FORGET Drive batch testing AND FORGET Store test case results AND FORGET Test case processed AND FORGET Test case processing complete AND FORGET Compare two batch test results AND FORGET Display batch test case results AND CYCLE RULE To ask if user wants to quit the knowledge base IF Batch test task IS Leave batch testing knowledge base THEN Quit batch test knowledge base execution AND FORGET Run mode AND FORGET Major task AND FORGET Affected system for maintenance AND FORGET valve body maintenance AND FORGET valve operator maintenance AND FORGET motor control center maintenance

```
AND
     FORGET Print item
AND FORGET Batch test task
     CHAIN IEVALVE
AND
1
!
!
     Rules for running batch test cases
1
1
RULE For storing test case results
     Test case number > 0
IF
AND ACTIVATE IESTORE.COM
DISK IEPARAM.DAT
SEND Batch test case file
SEND Test case number
SEND Valve ID
SEND BTC test is required
SEND BTO test is required
SEND PIT test is required
SEND AT1 test is required
SEND AT5 test is required
SEND CTCC test is required
SEND SYSPR test is required
SEND Tag out is required
SEND Heavy load is indicated
SEND Primary containment is indicated
AND
     Fail
THEN Store test case results
٠
!
      Driving rule for batch test case processing
1
۲
1
RULE For driving batch testing
FORGET Valve ID
FORGET Affected system for maintenance
FORGET valve body maintenance
FORGET valve operator maintenance
FORGET motor control center maintenance
FORGET BTC test is required
FORGET BTO test is required
FORGET PIT test is required
FORGET AT1 test is required
FORGET AT5 test is required
FORGET CTCC test is required
FORGET SYSPR test is required
FORGET Tag out is required
FORGET Heavy load is indicated
FORGET Primary containment is indicated
READ IECASE.SAV
DATA Test case number
```

```
Test case number <= Number of cases
IF
AND
     Test case information initialized
AND
     Valve information retrieved
THEN Test case processed
AND
     Next case number := Test case number + 1
     WRITE IECASE.SAV
AND
DATA Next case number
     CHAIN IEVALVE2
AND
ELSE Test case processing complete
AND
     WRITE IECASE.SAV
DATA One
AND DISPLAY batch processing complete
    FORGET Batch test task
AND
AND FORGET Run the batch test cases
AND FORGET Drive batch testing
AND FORGET Store test case results
AND FORGET Test case processed
AND FORGET Test case processing complete
AND FORGET Compare two batch test results
AND
    FORGET Display batch test case results
AND
     CYCLE
1
RULE For retrieving valve data
ACTIVATE IEACCDB1.COM
DISK IEPARAM.DAT
SEND Valve ID
RETURN Valve found in data base
RETURN Valve P&ID
RETURN P&ID coord
RETURN Valve IST class
RETURN Valve category
RETURN Valve size
RETURN Valve type
RETURN Valve actuator type
RETURN Normal position of valve
RETURN PIT applicable
RETURN BTC applicable
RETURN BTO applicable
RETURN AT5 applicable
RETURN AT1 applicable
RETURN CTCC applicable
RETURN PIT frequency
RETURN BTC frequency
RETURN BTO frequency
RETURN AT5 frequency
RETURN AT1 frequency
RETURN CTCC frequency
RETURN Maximum BTO stroke open time
RETURN Maximum BTC stroke close time
RETURN Maximum AT5 leakage
```

RETURN Maximum AT1 leakage RETURN AT1 relief request RETURN CTCC relief request Valve found in data base IF THEN Valve information retrieved ELSE This valve cannot be analyzed AND DISPLAY valve id not available ŧ ! Rules for initializing maintenance planning test case data 1 ţ 1 RULE For storing data for test case 1 Test case number = 1 IF THEN Test case information initialized AND Valve ID := "MO 2000" AND Affected system for maintenance IS valve body NOT Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator AND NOT Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center AND AND valve body maintenance IS packing adjusted AND NOT valve body maintenance IS valve replaced AND NOT valve body maintenance IS valve disassembled AND NOT valve body maintenance IS repacking performed NOT valve body maintenance IS replaced body to bonnet gasket AND AND NOT valve body maintenance IS maintained seating surface NOT valve body maintenance IS valve stem maintenance AND 1 RULE For storing data for test case 2 IF Test case number = 2 THEN Test case information initialized Valve ID := "MO 2137" AND AND Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator NOT Affected system for maintenance IS valve body AND AND NOT Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center AND valve operator maintenance IS limit switch maintained AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS operator replaced NOT valve operator maintenance IS motor replaced AND AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS torque switch maintained AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS spring pack reworked AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS torque bypass switch maintained AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS operator lubricated AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS electrical wire maintenance AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS replaced sealtite AND NOT valve operator maintenance IS handwheel maintenance 1 RULE For storing data for test case 3 IF Test case number = 3 THEN Test case information initialized AND Valve ID := "MO 1943A" AND Affected system for maintenance IS valve body

AND NOT Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator NOT Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center AND valve body maintenance IS replaced body to bonnet gasket AND NOT valve body maintenance IS valve replaced AND NOT valve body maintenance IS valve disassembled AND AND NOT valve body maintenance IS packing adjusted NOT valve body maintenance IS repacking performed AND NOT valve body maintenance IS maintained seating surface AND AND NOT valve body maintenance IS valve stem maintenance 1 ٠ 1 ! Information Displays 1 1 ! 1 ! TEXT References 1 1 TEXT Batch test task Select your required batch testing function ٠ TEXT run batch test cases Run the batch of test cases and store the results TEXT display batch test results Display the results of a batch test run 1 TEXT batch test result comparison Compare two batch test case results ! TEXT Batch test case file Enter the file name for storing the batch test results Note: If the file already exists, it will be rewritten ۱ TEXT First test case file Enter the file name of the first batch test result file for comparison ŧ TEXT Second test case file Enter the file name of the second batch test result file for comparison

```
٢
TEXT Display test case file
Enter the file name of the batch test result file to be displayed
1
!
    DISPLAY References
!
1
٠
DISPLAY batch processing complete
  All the test cases have been processed.
  Press ENTER or F2 to continue.
!
DISPLAY valve id not available
  The valve ID you entered was [Valve ID].
  This valve is not currently available for use
  with this knowledge base. Check to make sure
  that you entered the "MO" in the valve ID in
  capital letters.
!
!
!
!
    End of Knowledge Base
1
!
!
END
```

IEDECLAR.PRL

! SIMPLEFACT Valve found in data base BTC applicable AND BTO applicable AND PIT applicable AND AT1 applicable AND AT5 applicable AND AND CTCC applicable AND SYSPR applicable BTC test is required AND BTO test is required AND AND PIT test is required AND AT1 test is required AT5 test is required AND AND CTCC test is required AND SYSPR test is required AND BTC test is not required AND BTO test is not required PIT test is not required AND AT1 test is not required AND AND AT5 test is not required AND CTCC test is not required SYSPR test is not required AND AND ASME code 1 ! NUMERIC Valve IST class Valve size AND AND Maximum BTO stroke open time AND Maximum BTC stroke close time AND Test case number AND Next case number AND One AND Five ! ! STRING Valve ID AND Valve P&ID AND P&ID coord AND Valve category AND Valve type AND Valve actuator type AND Normal position of valve AND PIT frequency AND BTC frequency AND BTO frequency

Ł	AND	AT5 frequency
I	AND	AT1 frequency
I	AND	CTCC frequency
1	AND	Maximum AT5 leakage
1	AND	Maximum AT1 leakage
1	AND	AT1 relief request
1	AND	CTCC relief request
1	AND	BTC display
1	AND	BTO display
2	AND	PIT display
1	AND	AT1 display
1	AND	AT5 display
1	AND	CTCC display
1	AND	SYSPR display
1	AND	ASME
1	AND	TAGO
1	AND	HLOD
1	AND	PCON
1	AND	First test case file
1	AND	Second test case file
1	AND	Initial screen file
1	AND	Batch test case file
1	AND	Display test case file
1	AND	Diagnosis documentation file
1	AND	Planning documentation file
	!	
	1	
(	OBJECT	Major task
1	AND	Affected system for diagnosis
1	AND	Affected system for maintenance
1	AND	valve body symptom
1	AND	valve operator symptom
1	AND	motor control center symptom
1	AND	valve body problem
1	AND	valve operator problem
1	AND	motor control center problem
1	AND	valve body maintenance
1	AND	valve operator maintenance
1	AND	motor control center maintenance
1	AND	Print item
1	AND	Run mode
	AND	Batch test task
	!	

.

IEMULTI.PRL

!
MULTI Affected system for diagnosis
AND Affected system for maintenance
AND valve body symptom
AND valve operator symptom
AND valve body problem
AND valve body problem
AND valve operator problem
AND walve body maintenance
AND valve operator maintenance
AND valve operator maintenance
AND motor control center maintenance
AND print item
!

IESHARED.PRL

```
ł
SHARED SIMPLEFACT BTC applicable
AND SIMPLEFACT
                                BTO applicable
                                PIT applicable
AND SIMPLEFACT
AND SIMPLEFACT AT1 applicable
AND SIMPLEFACT AT5 applicable
AND SIMPLEFACT CTCC applicable
AND SIMPLEFACT
                                SYSPR applicable
ANDSIMPLEFACTSISPR applicableANDSIMPLEFACTBTC test is requiredANDSIMPLEFACTBTO test is requiredANDSIMPLEFACTPIT test is requiredANDSIMPLEFACTAT1 test is requiredANDSIMPLEFACTAT5 test is requiredANDSIMPLEFACTCTCC test is required
AND SIMPLEFACT
                                SYSPR test is required
                           Tag out is required
Heavy load is indicated
Primary containment is indicated
AND SIMPLEFACT
AND SIMPLEFACT
AND SIMPLEFACT
 !
 !
SHARED NUMERIC Valve IST class
AND NUMERIC Maximum BTO stroke open time
AND NUMERIC Maximum BTC stroke close time
AND NUMERIC Test case number
AND NUMERIC
                            Valve size
 !
1
SHARED STRING Valve ID
AND STRING
                           Valve P&ID
                   P&ID coord
Valve category
Valve type
Valve actuator type
Normal position of valve
PIT frequency
BTC frequency
BTO frequency
AT5 frequency
AT1 frequency
CTCC frequency
Maximum AT5 leakage
Maximum AT1 leakage
AT1 relief request
CTCC relief request
Batch test case file
AND STRING
                           P&ID coord
AND STRING
٠
```

SHARED OBJECT Major task IS valve maintenance planning Major task IS valve diagnosis AND OBJECT Major task IS diagnosis and planning AND OBJECT Major task IS valve data base editing AND OBJECT Major task IS batch testing AND OBJECT AND OBJECT Major task IS Leave knowledge base ١ Affected system for maintenance IS valve body AND OBJECT AND OBJECT Affected system for maintenance IS valve operator Affected system for maintenance IS motor control center AND OBJECT AND OBJECT valve body maintenance IS valve replaced valve body maintenance IS valve disassembled AND OBJECT valve body maintenance IS packing adjusted AND OBJECT valve body maintenance IS repacking performed AND OBJECT AND OBJECT valve body maintenance IS replaced body to bonnet gasket valve body maintenance IS maintained seating surface AND OBJECT AND OBJECT valve body maintenance IS valve stem maintenance AND OBJECT valve operator maintenance IS operator replaced AND OBJECT valve operator maintenance IS motor replaced AND OBJECT valve operator maintenance IS torque switch maintained AND OBJECT valve operator maintenance IS limit switch maintained AND OBJECT valve operator maintenance IS spring pack reworked AND OBJECT valve operator maintenance IS torque bypass switch maintained AND OBJECT valve operator maintenance IS operator lubricated AND OBJECT valve operator maintenance IS electrical wire maintenance AND OBJECT valve operator maintenance IS replaced sealtite AND OBJECT valve operator maintenance IS handwheel maintenance ! AND OBJECT motor control center maintenance IS breaker maintained AND OBJECT motor control center maintenance IS handswitch replaced AND OBJECT motor control center maintenance IS power cable replaced 1 AND OBJECT Run mode IS normal AND OBJECT Run mode IS batch test 1 AND OBJECT Print item IS Nothing AND OBJECT Print item IS Valve maintenance planning results AND OBJECT Print item IS Line of reasoning report ١ AND OBJECT Batch test task IS run batch test cases AND OBJECT Batch test task IS batch test result comparison AND OBJECT Batch test task IS display batch test results AND OBJECT Batch test task IS Leave batch testing knowledge base

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X. APPENDIX B - TURBO PASCAL SOURCE LISTINGS

IEACCDB1.PAS

```
Program IE Acc Dbl;
type
  s255 = string[255];
  s40 = string[40];
  s20 = string[20];
 sl0 = string[10];
 s5 = string[5];
 s4 = string[4];
 s3 = string[3];
 valv_dat = record
               valve ID : s10;
               P ID coor : s4;
               IST class : s3;
               valve cat : s5;
               valve_size : s5;
               valve_type : s5;
               actuator type : s5;
               normal position : s5;
               PIT_required : boolean;
               BTC required : boolean;
               BTO required : boolean;
               AT5 required : boolean;
               AT1 required : boolean;
               CTCC_required : boolean;
               PIT freq : s3;
               BTC freq : s3;
               BTO freq : s3;
               AT5 freq : s3;
               AT1 freq : s3;
               CTCC freq : s3;
               max BTO time : s3;
               max BTC time : s3;
               max AT5 leakage : s3;
               max AT1 leakage : s3;
               AT1 relief : s5;
               CTCC relief : s5;
             end;
 new_valv_dat = record
               valve ID : s10;
               P ID : s5;
```

```
P ID coor : s4;
  IST class : s3;
 valve cat : s5;
 valve size : s5;
 valve type : s5;
  actuator type : s5;
 normal position : s5;
  PIT required : boolean;
  BTC required : boolean;
  BTO required : boolean;
  AT5 required : boolean;
 AT1 required : boolean;
  CTCC required : boolean;
  PIT freq : s3;
  BTC_freq : s3;
  BTO freq : s3;
 AT5 freq : s3;
 AT1 freq : s3;
  CTCC freq : s3;
 max BTO time : s3;
 max_BTC_time : s3;
 max AT5 leakage : s3;
 max AT1 leakage : s3;
 AT1 relief : s5;
 CTCC relief : s5;
  Valve Mfg : s20;
 Valve Model : s10;
 Valve Serial : sl0;
 Valve Dwg Mfg : sl0;
 Valve Dwg Plant : s10;
  Valve Packing Size : s5;
  Valve Gasket Size : s5;
  Oper Mfg : s20;
  Oper_Model : s10;
  Oper Serial : sl0;
  Oper Dwg Mfg : s10;
 Oper Dwg Plant : s10;
  Oper Schem Mfg : sl0;
  Oper Schem Plant : s10;
  Torque Switch Setting : s5;
  Limit Switch Setting : s5;
  ISI : boolean;
  Eq : boolean;
 Heavy_Load : boolean;
 Rwp Int : boolean;
 Rwp Ext : boolean;
 Nprds : boolean;
end;
```

var

```
valv data file : file of new valv dat;
  valv rec : new valv dat;
  b PIT required, b BTC required, b BTO required, b AT5 required,
  b AT1 required, b CTCC required, found : boolean;
  duml : char;
  retrieve ID,s P ID : s255;
  s P ID coor, s valve cat, s valve type, s actuator type, s normal position,
  s PIT freq,s BTC freq,s BTO freq,s AT5 freq,s AT1 freq,s CTCC freq,
  s max AT5 leakage, s max AT1 leakage, s AT1 relief, s CTCC relief : s255;
  Param File : s40;
  i IST class, i valve size, i max BTO time,
  i max BTC time, code : integer;
{$I ASCIIPRM.PAS}
procedure input;
begin { procedure input }
  Param File := 'ieparam.dat';
  Open Param File (Param File);
  Read String (retrieve ID);
end; { procedure input }
procedure output;
begin { procedure output }
 Reset Param File (27);
 Write Boolean (found);
 Write String (s P ID);
 Write String (s P ID coor);
 Write_Integer (i IST class);
 Write String (s valve cat);
 Write_Integer (i valve size);
 Write String (s valve type);
 Write String (s actuator type);
 Write_String (s_normal_position);
 Write Boolean (b PIT required);
 Write Boolean (b BTC required);
 Write Boolean (b BTO required);
 Write Boolean (b AT5 required);
 Write_Boolean (b_AT1 required);
 Write Boolean (b CTCC required);
 Write String (s PIT freq);
 Write_String (s BTC freq);
```

```
Write String (s BTO freq);
  Write_String (s_AT5_freq);
  Write_String (s_AT1_freq);
  Write String (s CTCC freq);
  Write Integer (i max BTO time);
  Write_Integer (i_max_BTC_time);
  Write_String (s_max_AT5_leakage);
  Write String (s max AT1 leakage);
  Write_String (s_AT1_relief);
  Write String (s CTCC relief);
  Close Param File;
end; { procedure output }
begin { main program }
  Input;
  assign (valv data file,'ievalves.dbl');
  reset (valv data file);
  with valv rec do
  begin { with valv rec }
    found := false;
    while (not eof (valv data file)) and (not found) do
    begin { while not eof }
      read (valv data file,valv rec);
      if retrieve ID = valve ID then found := true;
    end; { while not eof }
    if not found then begin
      clrscr;
      writeln ('Valve ', retrieve ID, ' not found in data base');
      writeln;
    end
    else begin { if found }
      clrscr;
      writeln ('Record number of retrieved valve = ',
               filepos(valv data file));
      writeln;
      s P ID := P ID;
      s_P_ID_coor := P_ID_coor;
      val(IST class, i IST class, code);
      s valve cat := valve cat;
      val(valve_size,i_valve_size,code);
```

```
s_valve_type := valve_type;
      s actuator type := actuator type;
      s_normal_position := normal position;
     b PIT required := PIT required;
     b BTC required := BTC required;
     b BTO required := BTO required;
     b_AT5_required := AT5_required;
     b AT1 required := AT1_required;
     b CTCC_required := CTCC_required;
      s_PIT_freq := PIT freq;
      s BTC freq := BTC freq;
      s BTO freq := BTO freq;
      s_AT5_freq := AT5_freq;
      s AT1 freq := AT1 freq;
      s CTCC freq := CTCC freq;
     val(max_BTO_time,i max BTO time,code);
     val(max_BTC_time,i max BTC time,code);
      s max_AT5 leakage := max_AT5_leakage;
      s max AT1 leakage := max AT1 leakage;
      s AT1_relief := AT1_relief;
      s_CTCC relief := CTCC relief;
               { if found }
    end;
  end; { with valve rec }
 close (valv data file);
 Output;
end. { main program }
```

IEEDITDB.PAS

```
Program Edit DB1;
type
  s30 = string[30];
  s20 = string[20];
  sl0 = string[10];
  s5 = string[5];
 s4 = string[4];
 s3 = string[3];
 valv dat = record
               valve ID : sl0;
               P ID coor : s4;
               IST class : s3;
               valve cat : s5;
               valve_size : s5;
               valve type : s5;
               actuator type : s5;
               normal position : s5;
               PIT_required : boolean;
               BTC required : boolean;
               BTO required : boolean;
               AT5 required : boolean;
               AT1 required : boolean;
               CTCC_required : boolean;
               PIT_freq : s3;
               BTC freq : s3;
               BTO freq : s3;
               AT5_freq : s3;
               AT1 freq : s3;
               CTCC freq : s3;
               max BTO time : s3;
               max_BTC_time : s3;
               max AT5 leakage : s3;
               max AT1 leakage : s3;
               AT1_relief : s5;
               CTCC relief : s5;
             end;
 new_valv_dat = record
               valve ID : s10;
               P ID : s5;
               P_ID_coor : s4;
               IST class : s3;
               valve cat : s5;
              valve size : s5;
```

valve type : s5; actuator type : s5; normal position : s5; PIT\_required : boolean; BTC required : boolean; BTO required : boolean; AT5 required : boolean; AT1 required : boolean; CTCC required : boolean; PIT freq : s3; BTC freq : s3; BTO freq : s3; AT5 freq : s3; AT1 freq : s3; CTCC freq : s3; max BTO time : s3; max BTC time : s3; max AT5 leakage : s3; max AT1 leakage : s3; AT1 relief : s5; CTCC relief : s5; Valve Mfg : s20; Valve Model : s10; Valve Serial : sl0; Valve Dwg Mfg : sl0; Valve Dwg Plant : s10; Valve Packing Size : s5; Valve Gasket Size : s5; Oper Mfg : s20; Oper Model : s10; Oper Serial : s10; Oper Dwg Mfg : s10; Oper Dwg Plant : s10; Oper Schem Mfg : sl0; Oper Schem Plant : s10; Torque Switch Setting : s5; Limit Switch Setting : s5; ISI : boolean; Eq : boolean; Heavy Load : boolean; Rwp Int : boolean; Rwp Ext : boolean; Nprds : boolean; end;

## var

main\_option : integer;

```
label
  main_menu, Quit;
procedure add rec;
var
  valv_rec : valv_dat;
  valv data file : file of valv dat;
  add another : boolean;
  add flag, PIT flag, BTC flag, BTO flag, AT5 flag, AT1 flag, CTCC flag : char;
  file name, default file name, temp file name : s30;
begin { procedure add rec }
  clrscr;
  default file name := 'IEVALVES.DB1';
  write ('Enter data base file name (def - ',default_file_name,') : ');
  readln (temp file name);writeln;
  if temp file name = '' then file name := default file name
  else file name := temp file name;
  assign (valv data file, file name);
  reset (valv data file);
  seek (valv data file, filesize (valv data file));
  clrscr;
  with valv rec do
  begin { with valv rec }
    add another := true;
    while add another do
    begin { while add another }
      valve ID := '';
      P ID coor := '';
      IST class := '';
      valve cat := '';
      valve size := '';
      valve_type := '';
      actuator_type := '';
      normal_position := '';
      PIT required := FALSE;
      BTC required := FALSE;
      BTO_required := FALSE;
      AT5 required := FALSE;
      AT1 required := FALSE;
      CTCC required := FALSE;
      PIT freq := '';
      BTC freq := '';
```

BTO freq := ''; AT5 FREQ := ''; AT1 freq := ''; CTCC freq := ''; max\_BTO\_time := ''; max\_BTC\_time := ''; max\_AT5\_leakage := ''; max\_AT1\_leakage := ''; AT1 relief := ''; CTCC relief := ''; PIT flag := ' '; BTC flag := ' '; BTO flag := ' '; AT5 flag := ' '; AT1 flag := ' '; CTCC flag := ' '; write ('Enter ID # of valve to be added : ');readln (valve\_ID); write ('Enter valve P & ID coordinates : ');readln (P\_ID\_coor); write ('Enter valve IST class : ');readln (IST class); write ('Enter valve catagory : ');readln (valve cat); write ('Enter valve size : ');readln (valve size); write ('Enter valve type : ');readln (valve type); write ('Enter valve actuator type
write ('Enter normal position of valve
');readln (actuator\_type);
');readln (normal\_position); write ('Is a PIT test applicable (Y/N)? : ');readln (PIT flag); if (PIT flag = 'y') or (PIT flag = 'Y') then PIT required := true else PIT required := false; write ('Is a BTC test applicable (Y/N)? : ');readln (BTC\_flag); if (BTC flag = 'y') or (BTC flag = 'Y') then BTC required := true else BTC required := false; write ('Is a BTO test applicable (Y/N)? : ');readln (BTO flag); if (BTO flag = 'y') or (BTO flag = 'Y') then BTO required := true else BTO required := false; write ('Is a AT-5 test applicable (Y/N)? : ');readln (AT5 flag); if (AT5 flag = 'y') or (AT5 flag = 'Y') then AT5 required := true else AT5\_required := false; write ('Is a AT-1 test applicable (Y/N)? : ');readln (AT1 flag); if (AT1 flag = 'y') or (AT1\_flag = 'Y') then AT1\_required := true else AT1 required := false; write ('Is a CT-CC test applicable (Y/N)? : ');readln (CTCC\_flag); if (CTCC flag = 'y') or (CTCC flag = 'Y') then CTCC required := true else CTCC required := false; if PIT required then begin

write ('Enter PIT frequency : ');readln (PIT freq); end; if BTC required then begin : ');readln (BTC freq); write ('Enter BTC frequency end: if BTO required then begin : ');readln (BTO freq); write ('Enter BTO frequency end; if AT5 required then begin write ('Enter AT-5 frequency : ');readln (AT5 freq); end; if AT1 required then begin write ('Enter AT-1 frequency : ');readln (AT1\_freq); end; if CTCC\_required then begin write ('Enter CTCC frequency : ');readln (CTCC\_freq); end; if BTC required then begin write ('Is there a maximum BTC stroke close time (Y/N)? : '); readln (BTC flag); if (BTC flag = 'y') or (BTC flag = 'Y') then begin write ('Enter maximum BTC stroke close time (sec) : '); readln (max BTC time); end; end; if BTO required then begin write ('Is there a maximum BTO stroke open time (Y/N)? : '); readln (BTO flag); if (BTO\_flag = 'y') or (BTO\_flag = 'Y') then begin write ('Enter maximum BTO stroke close time (sec) : '); readln (max BTO time); end; end; if AT5 required then begin write ('Is there a maximum AT-5 leakage (Y/N)? : '); readln (AT5 flag); if (AT5\_flag = 'y') or (AT5 flag = 'Y') then begin write ('Enter maximum AT-5 leakage : '); readln (max AT5 leakage); end; end;

```
if AT1 required then begin
        write ('Is there a maximum AT-1 leakage (Y/N)? : ');
        readln (AT1 flag);
        if (AT1_flag = 'y') or (AT1_flag = 'Y') then begin
          write ('Enter maximum AT-1 leakage
                                                         : ');
          readln (max AT1 leakage);
        end;
      end;
      if AT1 required then begin
        write ('Is there an AT-1 relief request (Y/N)? : ');
        readln (AT1 flag);
        if (AT1_flag = 'y') or (AT1_flag = 'Y') then begin
         write ('Enter AT-1 relief request #
                                                        : ');
          readln (AT1 relief);
        end;
      end;
      if CTCC required then begin
        write ('Is there a CT-CC relief request (Y/N)? : ');
        readln (CTCC flag);
        if (CTCC_flag = 'y') or (CTCC_flag = 'Y') then begin
          write ('Enter CT_CC relief request # : ');
          readln (CTCC relief);
        end;
      end;
      write (valv data file,valv rec);writeln;
      write ('Do you want to add another record to data base (Y/N)? : ');
      readln (add flag);
      if (add flag = 'N') or (add flag = 'n') then add another := false;
      if add another then clrscr;
    end; { while add another }
  end; { with valv rec }
  close (valv data file);
end; { procedure add rec }
procedure list db;
var
 valv_rec : new_valv_dat;
 valv data file : file of new valv dat;
  i,n,lines,page,current rec,first rec,last rec,
  default_first_rec, default last rec, code : integer;
```

```
duml, FF, ESC, VT, NUL, SI, DC2 : char;
 hard copy : boolean;
 temp first rec, temp last rec : s4;
 test, relief : array [1..6] of s5;
 freq, stroke, leakage : array [1..6] of s3;
 file name, default file name, temp file name : s30;
label
 Quit;
procedure printer heading;
var
 i : integer;
begin { procedure printer heading }
                                                             ۰,
 writeln (1st,'
                                              MAXIMUM');
 writeln (lst,' RECORD VALVE P&ID IST VALVE VALVE VALVE',
                ACTUATOR NORMAL
                                       TEST STROKE ',
             .
                MAXIMUM RELIEF');
 writeln (lst,' NUMBER NUMBER COOR CLASS CAT SIZE
                                                       TYPE',
                 TYPE POSITION TEST FREQ TIME ',
                LEAKAGE REQUEST REMARKS');
              ----- -----',
 writeln (1st,'
                 -----');
 for i := 1 to 3 do writeln (lst);
  lines := lines+7;
end; { procedure printer heading }
begin { procedure list db }
 clrscr;
 default file name := 'IEVALVES.DB1';
 write ('Enter data base file name (def - ',default_file_name,') : ');
 readln (temp_file_name);writeln;
  if temp_file_name = '' then file name := default file name
  else file name := temp file name;
 assign (valv data file, file name);
 reset (valv_data_file);
 writeln ('FileSize = ',filesize(valv data_file),' records');
 writeln;
 default first rec := 1;
 default last rec := filesize(valv data file);
```

```
repeat begin { repeat }
 write ('Enter first record to list (default - Beg.) : ');
 readln (temp first rec);
 if temp first rec = '' then first rec := default first rec
 else val(temp first rec,first rec,code);
 write ('Enter last record to list (default - End) : ');
 readln (temp last rec);writeln;
  if temp last rec = '' then last rec := default last rec
  else val(temp last rec,last_rec,code);
end:
            { repeat }
until (first rec <= last_rec) and (first_rec > 0) and
(last rec <= filesize(valv data file));</pre>
first rec := first rec-l;
last rec := last rec-1;
hard copy := FALSE;
write ('Do you want a hard copy of the listing (Y/N)? ');
readln (duml);
if (duml='y') or (duml='Y') then hard copy := TRUE;
clrscr;
with valv rec do
begin { with valv rec }
 writeln ('
                  VALVE P&ID IST VALVE VALVE VALVE ACTUATOR',
          ' NORMAL');
  writeln ('
             NUMBER
                              CLASS CAT SIZE TYPE
                                                            TYPE ',
          ' POSITION');
  writeln (' ------',
          ' -----');writeln;writeln;
  if hard copy then begin
   FF := chr(12);
   ESC := chr(27);
   VT := chr(11);
   NUL := chr(0);
   SI := chr(15);
   DC2 := chr(18);
   lines := 0;
   page := 1;
   write (lst,SI);
   write (lst,ESC,'0');
   write (lst, ESC, 'BJ', NUL);
   printer_heading;
  end;
  seek (valv data file, first rec);
 current_rec := first rec;
 while current rec <= last rec do
 begin { while current rec }
```

```
read (valv data file,valv rec);
current_rec := current_rec+1;
writeln (valve_ID:15,P_ID:8,IST_class:4,valve_cat:6,
         valve size:7, valve type:7, actuator type:10,
         normal position:9);
if hard copy then
begin { if hard copy }
  i := 0;
  if PIT required then begin
    i := i+1;
    test[i] := 'PIT';
    freq[i] := PIT freq;
    stroke[i] := '';
    leakage[i] := '';
    relief[i] := '';
  end;
  if BTC required then begin
    i := i+1;
    test[i] := 'BTC';
    freq[i] := BTC freq;
    stroke[i] := max BTC time;
    leakage[i] := '';
    relief[i] := '';
  end;
  if BTO required then begin
    i := i+1;
    test[i] := 'BTO';
    freq[i] := BTO freq;
    stroke[i] := max BTO time;
    leakage[i] := '';
    relief[i] := '';
  end;
  if AT5 required then begin
    i := i+1;
    test[i] := 'AT-5';
    freq[i] := AT5 freq;
    stroke[i] := '';
    leakage[i] := max AT5 leakage;
    relief[i] := '';
  end;
  if AT1 required then begin
    i := i+1;
    test[i] := 'AT-1';
    freq[i] := AT1 freq;
```

```
stroke[i] := '';
     leakage[i] := max AT1 leakage;
     relief[i] := AT1 relief;
   end;
   if CTCC required then begin
     i := i+1;
     test[i] := 'CT-CC';
     freq[i] := CTCC freq;
     stroke[i] := '';
     leakage[i] := '';
     relief[i] := CTCC relief;
   end;
   n := i;
   writeln (lst,current_rec:6,valve_ID:12,P_ID:8,IST_class:4,
              valve cat:6, valve size:7, valve type:7, actuator type:10,
               normal position:9,test[1]:8,freq[1]:6,stroke[1]:8,
               leakage[1]:10,relief[1]:11);
   for i := 2 to n do begin
     if i = 2 then
      writeln (lst,P ID coor:25,test[i]:52,freq[i]:6,stroke[i]:8,
                  leakage[i]:10,relief[i]:11)
     else
      writeln (lst,test[i]:77,freq[i]:6,stroke[i]:8,leakage[i]:10,
                  relief[i]:11);
   end;
   writeln (lst, ' -----', '-----',
               '-----');
   lines := lines + n + 1;
   if lines >= 66 then begin
    write (lst,VT);
                    Valve Data Base Listing Page ',page);
     writeln (lst,'
     write (lst,FF);
     lines := 0;
     printer heading;
     page := page + 1;
   end;
 end; { if hard_copy }
 writeln ('
         '-----');
end; { while current rec }
if hard copy then begin
```

```
write (lst,VT);
                       Valve Data Base Listing Page ',page);
      writeln (1st,'
      write (lst,FF);
      write (lst, DC2);
      write (lst, ESC, '2');
    end;
  end; { with valv rec }
  close (valv data file);writeln;
  write ('Strike "ENTER" to return to Main Menu'); readln (duml);
  clrscr;
Ouit:
end; { procedure list db }
procedure edit rec;
label
  top;
var
  valv rec : valv dat;
  valv data file : file of valv dat;
  edit ID,temp : string[10];
  found : boolean;
  edit_another,PIT_flag,BTC_flag,BTO_flag,AT5_flag,AT1_flag,CTCC_flag : char;
  file name, default file name, temp file name : s30;
begin { procedure edit rec }
  clrscr;
  default file name := 'IEVALVES.DB1';
  write ('Enter data base file name (def - ', default file name, ') : ');
  readln (temp file name);writeln;
  if temp_file_name = '' then file_name := default file name
  else file name := temp file name;
  top:
  assign (valv data file, file name);
  reset (valv data file);
  write ('Enter valve ID # of record to edit : ');readln (edit ID);
  with valv rec do
  begin { with valv rec }
    found := false;
    while (not eof (valv data file)) and (not found) do
    begin { while not eof }
```

```
read (valv data file,valv rec);
  if edit ID = valve ID then found := true;
end; { while not eof }
writeln;
if not found then writeln ('Valve ', edit ID,' not found in data base')
else begin { if found }
  writeln ('Record number of record to edit = ',
            filepos (valv data file));
 writeln;
  writeln ('The default value for each field is shown in');
  writeln ('parenthesis. To keep this value, just press "ENTER"');
  writeln;
  temp := '';
  write ('Enter ID # of valve (',valve ID,') : ');
  readln (temp);
  if temp <> '' then valve ID := temp;
  temp := '';
  write ('Enter valve P & ID coordinates (', P ID coor, ') : ');
  readln (temp);
  if temp <> '' then P ID coor := temp;
  temp := '';
  write ('Enter valve IST class (',IST class,') : ');
  readln (temp);
  if temp <> '' then IST class := temp;
  temp := '';
 write ('Enter valve catagory (',valve cat,') : ');
  readln (temp);
  if temp <> '' then valve cat := temp;
  temp := '';
 write ('Enter valve size (',valve size,') : ');
 readln (temp);
  if temp <> '' then valve size := temp;
 temp := '';
 write ('Enter valve type (',valve type,') : ');
 readln (temp);
 if temp <> '' then valve type := temp;
 temp := '';
 write ('Enter valve actuator type (',actuator_type,') : ');
 readln (temp);
```

if temp <> '' then actuator type := temp; temp := ''; write ('Enter normal position of valve (', normal position, ') : '); readln (temp); if temp <> '' then normal position := temp; temp := ''; if PIT required then PIT flag := 'Y' else PIT flag := 'N'; write ('Is a PIT test applicable (Y/N)? (',PIT flag,') : '); readln (temp); if temp <> '' then PIT flag := temp; if (PIT flag = 'y') or (PIT flag = 'Y') then PIT required := true else PIT required := false; temp := ''; if BTC required then BTC flag := 'Y' else BTC flag := 'N'; write ('Is a BTC test applicable (Y/N)? (',BTC flag,') : '); readln (temp); if temp <> '' then BTC flag := temp; if (BTC flag = 'y') or (BTC flag = 'Y') then BTC required := true else BTC required := false; temp := ''; if BTO required then BTO flag := 'Y' else BTO flag := 'N'; write ('Is a BTO test applicable (Y/N)? (',BTO flag,') : '); readln (temp); if temp <> '' then BTO flag := temp; if (BTO flag = 'y') or (BTO flag = 'Y') then BTO required := true else BTO required := false; temp := ''; if AT5 required then AT5 flag := 'Y' else AT5 flag := 'N'; write ('Is a AT5 test applicable (Y/N)? (',AT5 flag,') : '); readln (temp); if temp <> '' then AT5 flag := temp; if (AT5 flag = 'y') or (AT5 flag = 'Y') then AT5 required := true else AT5 required := false; temp := ''; if AT1 required then AT1 flag := 'Y' else AT1 flag := 'N'; write ('Is a ATL test applicable (Y/N)? (',ATL flag,') : '); readln (temp); if temp <> '' then ATl flag := temp; if (AT1 flag = 'y') or (AT1 flag = 'Y') then AT1 required := true else AT1 required := false; temp := ''; if CTCC\_required then CTCC\_flag := 'Y' else CTCC flag := 'N'; write ('Is a CTCC test applicable (Y/N)? (',CTCC flag,') : ');

```
readln (temp);
if temp <> '' then CTCC flag := temp;
if (CTCC_flag = 'y') or (CTCC_flag = 'Y') then CTCC required := true
else CTCC required := false;
temp := '';
if PIT required then begin
  write ('Enter PIT frequency (',PIT_freq,') : ');
  readln (temp);
  if temp <> '' then PIT freq := temp;end
else PIT freq := '';
temp := '';
if BTC required then begin
  write ('Enter BTC frequency (',BTC freq,') : ');
  readln (temp);
  if temp <> '' then BTC freq := temp; end
else BTC freq := '';
temp := '';
if BTO required then begin
  write ('Enter BTO frequency (',BTO freq,') : ');
  readln (temp);
  if temp <> '' then BTO freq := temp;end
else BTO freq := '';
temp := '';
if AT5 required then begin
  write ('Enter AT5 frequency (',AT5 freq,') : ');
  readln (temp);
  if temp <> '' then AT5 freq := temp;end
else AT5 freq := '';
temp := '';
if AT1 required then begin
  write ('Enter ATL frequency (',ATL freq,') : ');
  readln (temp);
  if temp <> '' then AT1 freq := temp;end
else ATl freq := '';
temp := '';
if CTCC required then begin
  write ('Enter CTCC frequency (',CTCC freq,') : ');
  readln (temp);
  if temp <> '' then CTCC_freq := temp;end
else CTCC freq := '';
temp := '';
if BTC required then begin
  write ('Enter maximum BTC stroke close time (',max BTC time,') : ');
```

```
readln (temp);
      if temp <> '' then max BTC time := temp;end
    else max BTC time := '';
    temp := '';
    if BTO required then begin
     write ('Enter maximum BTO stroke open time (',max_BTO_time,') : ');
      readln (temp);
      if temp <> '' then max BTO time := temp;end
    else max BTO time := '';
    temp := '';
    if AT5 required then begin
      write ('Enter maximum AT-5 leakage (',max AT5 leakage,') : ');
      readln (temp);
      if temp <> '' then max AT5 leakage := temp; end
    else max AT5 leakage := '';
    temp := '';
    if AT1 required then begin
      write ('Enter maximum AT-1 leakage (',max AT1 leakage,') : ');
      readln (temp);
      if temp <> '' then max AT1 leakage := temp;
      temp := '';
      write ('Enter AT-1 relief request # (',AT1 relief,') : ');
      readln (temp);
      if temp <> '' then AT1 relief := temp;end
    else begin max AT1 leakage := '';AT1 relief := '';end;
    temp := '';
    if CTCC required then begin
      write ('Enter CT-CC relief request # (',CTCC relief,') : ');
      readln (temp);
      if temp <> '' then CTCC relief := temp;end
    else CTCC relief := '';
    seek (valv data file,filepos(valv data file)-1);
    write (valv data file, valv rec);
    close (valv data file);writeln;
  end; { if found }
end; { with valv rec }
write ('Do you want to edit another data base record (Y/N)? : ');
readln (edit another);
if (edit_another = 'y') or (edit_another = 'Y') then begin
 clrscr;
 goto top;
end;
```

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```
end; { procedure edit rec }
procedure open fil;
var
  file open : file of valv dat;
  file name : string[20];
  duml : char;
begin { procedure open fil }
  clrscr;
  write ('Enter file name of file to open (may contain path) : ');
  readln (file name);writeln;
  assign (file open, file name);
  rewrite (file open);
  close (file open);
  writeln ('File "',file name,'" has been created');
  writeln ('and is ready for editing'); writeln;
  write ('Strike "ENTER" to return to main menu');
  readln (dum1);
  clrscr;
end;
procedure sort dbase;
var
  first rec, last rec, default first rec, default last rec, code : integer;
  valv rec : valv dat;
  valv data file : file of valv dat;
  duml : char;
  temp first rec,temp last rec : s4;
  file name, default file name, temp file name : s30;
procedure quicksrt (first rec, last rec : integer);
procedure quick (lb,ub : integer);
var
j : integer;
```

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```
procedure rearrange (lb,ub : integer; var j : integer);
var
  up,down : integer;
  a, x up, x down : s10;
function x (pos : integer) : s10;
begin { function x }
  seek (valv data file,pos);
  read (valv data file, valv rec);
  x := valv rec.valve ID;
end; { function x }
procedure switch records (posl,pos2 : integer);
var
  temp recl, temp rec2 : valv dat;
begin { procedure switch_records }
  seek (valv data file,posl);
  read (valv data file,temp recl);
  seek (valv data file,pos2);
  read (valv data file,temp rec2);
  seek (valv data file,posl);
  write (valv data file, temp rec2);
  seek (valv data file,pos2);
  write (valv data file, temp recl);
end; { procedure switch records }
begin { procedure rearrange }
  a := x(lb);
  j := 1b;
  up := ub;
  down := 1b;
  repeat
    while (up > down) and (x(up) >= a)
     do up := up - 1;
    j := up;
    if up <> down then
```

```
begin { if up }
      switch records (down, up);
      while (down < up) and (x(down) <= a)
       do down := down + 1;
      j := down;
      if down <> up then
        switch records (up,down);
    end; { if up }
  until down = up;
end; { procedure rearrange }
begin { procedure quick }
  if 1b < ub then
  begin { if lb }
    rearrange (lb,ub,j);
    quick (lb,j-1);
    quick (j+1,ub);
  end; { if lb }
end; { procedure quick }
begin { procedure quicksrt }
  quick (first rec, last rec);
end; { procedure quicksrt }
begin { procedure sort dbase }
  clrscr;
  default_file_name := 'IEVALVES.DB1';
  write ('Enter data base file name (def - ',default_file_name,') : ');
  readln (temp_file_name);writeln;
  if temp file name = '' then file name := default file name
  else file_name := temp_file_name;
  assign (valv_data_file,file_name);
  reset (valv data file);
  writeln ('FileSize = ',filesize(valv data file),' records');
  writeln;
  default_first_rec := 1;
  default_last_rec := filesize(valv data file);
  repeat begin { repeat }
    write ('Enter first record to list (def - Beg.) : ');
```

```
readln (temp first rec);
    if temp first rec = '' then first rec := default first rec
    else val(temp first rec,first_rec,code);
    write ('Enter last record to list (def - End) : ');
    readln (temp last rec);writeln;
    if temp last rec = '' then last rec := default last rec
    else val(temp last rec,last rec,code);
  end:
               { repeat }
  until (first rec <= last rec) and (first rec > 0) and
  (last rec <= filesize(valv data file));</pre>
  first rec := first rec-1;
  last rec := last rec-l;
  writeln;
  write (file name,' is being sorted on the valve ID # field ...');
  quicksrt (first rec,last rec);writeln;
  writeln ('Sort complete.');writeln;
  write ('Strike "ENTER" to return to main menu');
  readln (duml);
  clrscr;
  close (valv data file);
end; { procedure sort dbase }
procedure rewrite dbase;
var
  old_rec : valv_dat;
  new rec : new valv dat;
  old file : file of valv dat;
  new_file : file of new_valv_dat;
  old_file_name, default file name, temp file name : s30;
  new_file name : s20;
  rewrite another : boolean;
  rewrite option : char;
begin { procedure rewrite dbase }
  clrscr;
  default file name := 'IEVALVES.DB1';
  write ('Enter old data base file name (def - ',default_file_name,') : ');
  readln (temp_file_name);writeln;
  if temp file name = '' then old file name := default file name
  else old_file_name := temp_file_name;
  write ('Enter new data base file name : ');
  readln (new file name);
  assign (old file,old file name);
  reset (old file);
```

```
assign (new file, new_file_name);
rewrite (new file);
clrscr;
with new rec do
begin { with new rec }
 rewrite another := TRUE;
 while (not eof(old file)) and (rewrite another) do begin { while }
  read (old file,old rec);
 valve ID := old rec.valve ID;
 write ('Enter P&ID for valve ',valve ID,' : ');
 readln (P ID);
  P_ID_coor := old_rec.P_ID_coor;
  IST class := old rec.IST class;
 valve cat := old rec.valve cat;
 valve_size := old rec.valve size;
 valve type := old rec.valve type;
 actuator type := old rec.actuator type;
 normal_position := old_rec.normal_position;
 PIT required := old rec.PIT required;
  BTC required := old rec.BTC required;
  BTO required := old rec.BTO required;
 AT5 required := old rec.AT5 required;
 AT1 required := old rec.AT1 required;
 CTCC required := old rec.CTCC required;
  PIT_freq := old rec.PIT freq;
 BTC freq := old rec.BTC freq;
 BTO freq := old rec.BTO freq;
 AT5 freq := old rec.AT5 freq;
 AT1 freq := old rec.AT1 freq;
 CTCC freq := old rec.CTCC freq;
 max BTO time := old rec.max BTO time;
 max BTC time := old rec.max BTC time;
 max AT5 leakage := old rec.max AT5 leakage;
 max AT1 leakage := old rec.max AT1 leakage;
 AT1 relief := old rec.AT1 relief;
 CTCC relief := old rec.CTCC relief;
 Valve_Mfg := '';
 Valve Model := ''
 Valve_Serial := ''
 Valve Dwg Mfg := '';
 Valve Dwg Plant := '';
 Valve_Packing_Size := '';
 Valve Gasket Size := '';
 Oper Mfg := '';
 Oper_Model := '';
 Oper Serial := '';
 Oper Dwg Mfg := '';
 Oper Dwg Plant := '';
```

```
Oper Schem Mfg := '';
    Oper Schem Plant := '';
    Torque Switch Setting := '';
    Limit Switch Setting := '';
    ISI := FALSE;
    Eq := FALSE;
    Heavy Load := FALSE;
    Rwp Int := FALSE;
    Rwp Ext := FALSE;
    Nprds := FALSE;
    write (new file, new rec);
    write ('Do you want to rewrite another record (Y/N)? ');
    readln (rewrite option);
    if (rewrite option <> 'Y') and (rewrite option <> 'y') then
    rewrite another := FALSE;
   end; { while }
  end; { with new rec }
  close (old file);
  close (new file);
end; { procedure rewrite dbase }
begin { main program }
  main option := 0;
  clrscr;
  main menu :
  writeln ('MAIN MENU FOR EDITING DATA BASE # 1');writeln;
  writeln ('1. List data base records');
  writeln ('2. Add records to data base');
  writeln ('3. Edit a data base record');
  writeln ('4. Open a new data base file');
  writeln ('5. Sort a data base file');
  writeln ('6. Write to new data base structure');
  writeln ('7. Quit');writeln;
        ('Choose an option by typing its number : ');
  write
  readln (main option);
  case main option of { case main option }
    1 : begin list db; clrscr; goto main menu; end;
    2 : begin add rec; clrscr; goto main menu; end;
    3 : begin edit_rec; clrscr; goto main_menu; end;
    4 : begin open fil; clrscr; goto main menu; end;
    5 : begin sort dbase; clrscr; goto main menu; end;
    6 : begin rewrite dbase; clrscr; goto main menu; end;
```

IENFILE.PAS

```
Program IENFILE;
type
  s255 = string[255];
  s40 = string[40];
  s20 = string[20];
  sl0 = string[10];
  s5 = string[5];
  s4 = string[4];
  s3 = string[3];
var
  tfile, tfile2 : text;
  Param File,file name,tname,part1,part2,part3 : s20;
  file string : s255;
  OK : boolean;
  backupnum : integer;
{$I \pas\ASCIIPRM.PAS}
function Exist (filename : s20) : boolean;
var textfile : text;
begin { function Exist }
  assign (textfile,filename);
  {$I-} reset (textfile) {$I+};
  Exist := (IOresult = 0);
end; { function Exist }
begin { main program }
  Param File := 'IEPARAM.DAT';
  Open_Param_File (Param_File);
  Read String (file string);
  Close Param File;
  file name := file string;
  if Exist (file name) then begin
    clrscr;
    writeln ('The documentation file ',file name,' already exists',
```

```
' and will be renamed.');
    partl := copy (file_name,1,6);
    part2 := '1';
   part3 := '.DOC';
    tname := part1 + part2 + part3;
    backupnum := 1;
    while ((Exist (tname)) and (backupnum <= 20)) do begin
      backupnum := backupnum + 1;
      str (backupnum, part2);
      tname := part1 + part2 + part3;
    end; { while }
    if backupnum > 20 then begin
      tname := part1 + '1' + part3;
    end; { if }
   assign (tfile,file name);
   close (tfile);
   rename (tfile,tname);
   writeln;
   writeln;
   writeln ('The old ',file_name,' has been renamed : ',tname);
   delay (2000);
  end; { if Exist }
end. { main program }
```

IESTORE.PAS

```
Program IESTORE;
type
  s255 = string[255];
  s40 = string[40];
  s20 = string[20];
  sl0 = string[10];
  s5 = string[5];
  s4 = string[4];
  s3 = string[3];
  case_dat = record
               case number : integer;
               valve_ID : s10;
               BTC required : boolean;
               BTO required : boolean;
               PIT required : boolean;
               AT1 required : boolean;
               AT5 required : boolean;
               CTCC required : boolean;
               SYSPR required : boolean;
               tagout_required : boolean;
               heavy load indicated : boolean;
               primary containment indicated : boolean;
             end;
var
  case_file : file of case_dat;
  case_rec : case_dat;
  Param File, file name : s20;
  s_valve ID,file string : s255;
{$I \pas\ASCIIPRM.PAS}
begin { main program }
  with case rec do
  begin { with case_rec }
    Param File := 'IEPARAM.DAT';
    Open_Param_File (Param File);
    Read String (file string);
    Read Integer (case number);
```

```
Read String (s valve ID);
  Read Boolean (BTC required);
  Read Boolean (BTO required);
  Read Boolean (PIT required);
  Read Boolean (AT1 required);
  Read_Boolean (AT5_required);
  Read Boolean (CTCC required);
  Read Boolean (SYSPR required);
  Read Boolean (tagout required);
  Read_Boolean (heavy_load_indicated);
  Read Boolean (primary containment indicated);
  Close_Param_File;
  valve ID := s valve ID;
  file name := file string;
  assign (case file, file name);
  if case number = 1 then
    rewrite (case file)
  else
   reset (case file);
  seek (case file,case number-1);
  write (case file, case rec);
  close (case file);
     { with case_rec }
end;
```

```
end. { main program }
```

IECOMPAR.PAS

```
Program IECOMPAR;
type
  s255 = string[255];
  s40 = string[40];
  s20 = string[20];
  sl0 = string[10];
  s5 = string[5];
  s4 = string[4];
  s3 = string[3];
  case dat = record
               case number : integer;
               valve ID : s10;
               BTC required : boolean;
               BTO required : boolean;
               PIT required : boolean;
               AT1 required : boolean;
               AT5 required : boolean;
               CTCC required : boolean;
               SYSPR required : boolean;
               tagout required : boolean;
               heavy load indicated : boolean;
               primary containment indicated : boolean;
             end;
var
  first_case_file, second_case_file : file of case_dat;
  case rec 1, case rec 2 : case dat;
  Param File : s20;
  first file name, second file name : s255;
  duml : char;
  difference : boolean;
{$I \pas\ASCIIPRM.PAS}
procedure checkfile (Var filename : s255; filenumber : integer);
var datfile : file of case dat;
     OK : boolean;
begin { procedure openfile }
  repeat
```

```
assign (datfile,filename);
    {$I-} reset (datfile) {$I+};
    OK := (IOresult = 0);
    if not OK then begin
      clrscr;
      writeln ('The file name (', filename, ') entered for file',
               ' number ',filenumber,' does not exist.');
      writeln;
      write ('Enter the correct name for file number ',filenumber,
             ': ');
      readln (filename);
    end;
  until OK;
  close (datfile);
end; { procedure checkfile }
begin { main program }
  Param File := 'IEPARAM.DAT';
  Open Param File (Param File);
  Read String (first file name);
  Read_String (second_file_name);
  Close Param File;
  checkfile (first file name,1);
  checkfile (second file name, 2);
  assign (first case file, first file name);
  assign (second case file, second file name);
  reset (first case file);
  reset (second case file);
  difference := false;
  clrscr;
  while (not eof (first case file)) do
  begin { while not eof }
    read (first case file,case rec 1);
    read (second case file, case rec 2);
    writeln ('Test case number ', case_rec_l.case_number,
             ' Valve : ',case_rec_l.valve_ID);
    writeln;
    writeln;
    if case_rec_1.BTC_required <> case rec_2.BTC_required then begin
      difference := true;
      writeln ('BTC test requirements differ.');
```

```
end; { if }
if case rec 1.BTO required <> case rec 2.BTO required then begin
 difference := true;
 writeln ('BTO test requirements differ.');
end; { if }
if case rec 1.PIT required <> case rec 2.PIT required then begin
 difference := true;
 writeln ('PIT test requirements differ.');
end; { if }
if case rec 1.AT1 required <> case rec 2.AT1 required then begin
 difference := true;
 writeln ('AT1 test requirements differ.');
end; { if }
if case rec 1.AT5 required <> case rec 2.AT5 required then begin
 difference := true;
 writeln ('AT5 test requirements differ.');
end; { if }
if case rec 1.CTCC required <> case rec 2.CTCC required then begin
 difference := true;
 writeln ('CTCC test requirements differ.');
end; { if }
if case rec 1.SYSPR required <> case rec 2.SYSPR required then begin
 difference := true;
 writeln ('SYSPR test requirements differ.');
end; { if }
if case rec 1.tagout required <> case rec 2.tagout required then begin
 difference := true;
 writeln ('Tag out requirements differ.');
end; { if }
if case rec l.heavy load indicated <> case rec 2.heavy load indicated
then begin
 difference := true;
 writeln ('Heavy load requirements differ.');
end; { if }
```

```
if case_rec_l.primary_containment_indicated <>
    case rec 2.primary containment indicated then begin
      difference := true;
      writeln ('Primary containment requirements differ.');
    end; { if }
    if not difference then begin
      writeln;
      writeln;
      writeln ('No differences found in test case ',
      case_rec_l.case_number);
    end; { if difference }
    difference := false;
   writeln;
   writeln;
   write ('Strike ENTER to continue . . . ');
   readln (duml);
    clrscr;
  end; { while not eof }
  close (first_case file);
 close (second_case_file);
end. { main program }
```

IEDISPLA.PAS

```
Program IEDISPLA;
type
  s255 = string[255];
  s40 = string[40];
  s20 = string[20];
  sl0 = string[10];
  s5 = string[5];
  s4 = string[4];
  s3 = string[3];
  case dat = record
               case number : integer;
               valve ID : s10;
               BTC required : boolean;
               BTO required : boolean;
               PIT required : boolean;
               AT1 required : boolean;
               AT5_required : boolean;
               CTCC required : boolean;
               SYSPR required : boolean;
               tagout required : boolean;
               heavy load indicated : boolean;
               primary containment indicated : boolean;
             end;
var
  case_file : file of case_dat;
  case rec : case dat;
  Param_File,file_name : s20;
  s_valve_ID,file_string : s255;
  duml : char;
{$I \pas\ASCIIPRM.PAS}
procedure checkfile (Var filename : s20);
var datfile : file of case dat;
     OK : boolean;
begin { procedure openfile }
  repeat
```

```
assign (datfile,filename);
    {$I-} reset (datfile) {$I+};
    OK := (IOresult = 0);
    if not OK then begin
      clrscr;
      writeln ('The case file ', filename,' to display does not ',
               'exist');
      writeln;
      write ('Enter the correct name for this file : ');
      readln (filename);
    end;
  until OK;
  close (datfile);
end; { procedure checkfile }
begin { main program }
  clrscr;
  with case rec do
  begin { with case rec }
    Param File := 'IEPARAM.DAT';
    Open Param File (Param File);
    Read_String (file_string);
    Close Param File;
    file_name := file string;
    checkfile (file name);
    assign (case file, file name);
    reset (case file);
    clrscr;
    while not eof(case file) do
    begin { while not eof }
      read (case file,case rec);
      writeln ('Test case number ', case number,' Valve : ', valve ID);
      writeln;
      writeln;
      if BTC_required then begin
        writeln ('BTC test is required');
      end else begin
```

```
writeln ('BTC test is not required');
end; { if }
if BTO_required then begin
 writeln ('BTO test is required');
end else begin
 writeln ('BTO test is not required');
end; { if }
if PIT required then begin
 writeln ('PIT test is required');
end else begin
 writeln ('PIT test is not required');
end; { if }
if AT1 required then begin
  writeln ('ATl test is required');
end else begin
 writeln ('AT1 test is not required');
end; { if }
if AT1 required then begin
 writeln ('ATl test is required');
end else begin
  writeln ('AT1 test is not required');
end; { if }
if AT5 required then begin
  writeln ('AT5 test is required');
end else begin
 writeln ('AT5 test is not required');
end; { if }
if CTCC_required then begin
```

```
writeln ('CTCC test is required');
 end else begin
   writeln ('CTCC test is not required');
 end; { if }
 if SYSPR required then begin
   writeln ('SYSPR test is required');
 end else begin
   writeln ('SYSPR test is not required');
  end; { if }
 if tagout_required then begin
   writeln ('Tag out is required');
 end else begin
   writeln ('Tag out not required');
  end; { if }
  if heavy load indicated then begin
   writeln ('Heavy load is indicated');
  end else begin
    writeln ('Heavy load is not indicated');
  end; { if }
  if primary_containment indicated then begin
    writeln ('Primary containment is indicated');
 end else begin
   writeln ('Primary containment is not indicated');
  end; { if }
 writeln;
 writeln;
 write ('Strike ENTER to continue. . . ');
 readln (duml);
 clrscr;
end; { while not eof }
```

close (case\_file);

end; { with case\_rec }

end. { main program }

```
IESCREEN.PAS
```

```
program picture;
{$1 \pas\ASCIIPRM.PAS } { INSIGHT 2+ PARAMETER PASSING INCLUDE FILE }
const
 pict size = 16000;
type
 string80 = string[80];
var
                  : char;
 ch
 code, inp, option : integer;
 count
                  : integer;
 path
                  : string80;
 picture file name : string255;
 pict file
                 : file;
                 : array [1..16384] of byte absolute $B800:0000;
 screen
                 : array [1..4096] of integer absolute $B800:0000;
 screenl
                 : array [1..4096] of integer absolute $BA00:0000;
 screen2
                 : array [1..8192] of byte absolute $B800:000;
 screenlb
                 : array [1..8192] of byte absolute $BA00:000;
 screen2b
 blk
                 : array [1..32767] of byte;
 iblk
                  : array [1..16384] of integer absolute blk;
{
*
   Name : message
*
   Audit:
}
procedure message (mess no : integer);
begin
 gotoxy (1, 24);
 textcolor (lightred);
 textbackground (black);
 case mess no of
   1 : write ('Picture : You need a graphics card to run this program.');
   2 : write ('Picture : You need to specify a display mode between 0 ',
             'and 3.');
   3 : write ('Picture : Could not find the directory specified on the ',
             'picture name.');
   4 : write ('Picture : Could not open the picture file.');
   5 : write ('Picture : The picture specified was not in the proper ',
             'format.')
  end;
 delay (3000);
end;
```

```
ş
Name : color monitor
*
   Audit:
}
function color monitor : boolean;
type
 registers = record
   ax,bx,cx,dx,bp,si,di,ds,es,fg : integer;
 end;
var
 regs : registers;
begin
 Regs.AX := $0F00;
 Intr ($010, Regs);
 color monitor := (Regs.AX and $00FF) <> 7;
end;
3
   *****
***
*
   Name : extract filename
*
   Audit:
}
procedure extract filename (in str : string80;
                      var filename : string255;
                      var path : string80;
                      extension : string80);
var
 edge : boolean;
 len, i : integer;
begin
 len := length (in str);
 for i := 1 to len do
   if ord(in str[i]) > $60 then in str[i] := chr(ord(in str[i]) - $20);
 edge := false;
 i := len;
 repeat
   if (in str[i] = ' ) or (in str[i] = ':') then edge := true
    else i := i - 1;
 until edge or (i=0);
 if edge then begin
   if in str[i] = '\' then
    path := copy (in str, 1, i-1)
   else
    path := copy (in str, 1, i);
   filename := copy (in str, (i+1), (len-i));
 end else filename := in str;
 if pos ('.', filename) = 0 then filename := filename + extension;
end;
```

```
5
   *****
****
  Name : text mode
  Audit:
************
procedure text mode;
begin
 textmode (C80);
 blockread (pict file, screen, 1);
 if ioresult <> 0 then message (4);
end;
Name : graph color mode
  Audit:
procedure graph color mode;
begin
 graphcolormode;
 blockread (pict file, screen, 1);
 if ioresult > 0 then message (4);
end;
3
*
  Name : hires mode
  Audit:
3
procedure hires mode;
begin
 hires;
 blockread (pict file, screen, 1);
 if ioresult <> 0 then message (4);
end;
{
*
  Name : Savegraf mode
*
  Audit:
}
procedure SaveGraf mode;
var
 top : boolean;
 marker, n bytes, x, i, repeats, in index: integer;
begin
 blockread (pict file, blk, 1);
 if ioresult = 0 then begin
  if (blk[1] <> 239) or (blk[2] <> 190) then begin
```

```
message(5);
      exit;
      end;
    top := true;
    in index := 10;
    x := 1;
    n bytes := 0;
    marker := (blk[17]*256 + blk[16]);
    graphcolormode;
    palette((blk[18] and $00F0));
    repeat
      if iblk[in index] = marker then begin
        in index := in index + 1;
        repeats := iblk[in index];
        in index := in index + 1;
        for i := 1 to repeats do begin
          if top then
            screenl [x] := iblk [in index]
          else
            screen2 [x] := iblk [in index];
          if ((x \mod 40) = 0) then
            if top then begin
              x := x - 40;
              top := false;
            end else
              top := true;
          x := x + 1;
          if x > 4000 then exit;
        end;
        in_index := in index + 1;
        n bytes := n bytes + repeats * 2 + 4;
      end else begin
        if top then
          screenl [x] := iblk [in index]
        else
          screen2 [x] := iblk [in index];
        if ((\mathbf{x} \mod 40) = 0) then
          if top then begin
            x := x - 40;
            top := false;
          end else
            top := true;
        x := x + 1;
        in_index := in_index + 1;
        n_bytes := n_bytes + 2;
      end;
    until x > 8000;
  end else message (4);
end;
```

{

```
Name : drhalo mode
   Audit:
}
procedure drhalo_mode;
var
 loopc, screenc, recsread : integer;
firstime : boolean;
 procedure cpdata;
  var
  i : integer;
 begin
   for i := 1 to (blk[loopc]-128) do begin
     if screenc < 16384 then begin
       screen[screenc] := blk[loopc + 1];
       screenc := screenc + 1;
     end;
   end;
   loopc := loopc + 2;
 end;
             {cpdata}
 procedure uncpdata;
  var
  i : integer;
 begin
   for i := 1 to blk[loopc] do begin
     if screenc < 16384 then begin
       screen[screenc] := blk[loopc + i];
       screenc := screenc + 1;
     end;
    end;
   loopc := loopc + blk[loopc] + 1;
 end;
             {uncpdata}
begin {drhalo mode}
 screenc := 1;
BlockRead(pict_file, blk, 1);
if (blk[1] = 65) and (blk[2] = 72) then begin
 graphcolormode;
 palette(blk[15]);
 GraphBackground(blk[13]);
 loopc := 17;
 while (screenc < 16384) do begin
   if blk[loopc] = 128 then
    if ((loopc/2) = int(loopc/2)) then loopc := loopc + 1
    else loopc := loopc + 2
   else
     while blk[loopc] <> 128 do begin
```

```
if blk[loopc] > 128 then cpdata
       else uncpdata
     end;
  end;
end
else message(5);
end;
3
Name : mspaint mode
   Audit:
3
procedure mspaint mode;
var
 top : boolean;
 marker, n_bytes, x, i, repeats, in_index: integer;
begin
 blockread (pict_file, blk, 1);
 if ioresult = 0 then begin
   if (blk[1] \iff 10) then begin
     message(5);
     exit;
     end;
   top := true;
   in index := 129;
   x := 1;
   n bytes := 0;
   graphcolormode;
   palette(1);
   repeat
     if blk[in index] >= 192 then begin
       repeats := blk[in index]-192;
       in index := in index + 1;
       for i := 1 to repeats do begin
         if top then
          screenlb [x] := blk [in index]
         else
          screen2b [x] := blk [in index];
        if ((\mathbf{x} \mod 80) = 0) then
          if top then begin
            x := x - 80;
            top := false;
          end else
            top := true;
        x := x + 1;
        if x > 8192 then exit;
       end;
       in index := in index + 1;
       n_bytes := n_bytes + repeats * 2 + 4;
```

```
end else begin
       if top then
         screenlb [x] := blk [in index]
       else
         screen2b [x] := blk [in index];
       if ((\mathbf{x} \mod 80) = 0) then
         if top then begin
           x := x - 80;
           top := false;
         end else
           top := true;
       x := x + 1;
       in index := in index + 1;
       n bytes := n bytes + 2;
     end;
   until x > 8192;
  end else message (4);
end;
begin
 if color monitor then begin
   init param addr;
   read integer (option);
   if (option in [0..5]) then begin
     getdir (0, path);
     read_string (picture_file_name);
     extract_filename (picture file name, picture file name, path, '.PIC');
     chdir (path);
     if ioresult = 0 then begin
       assign (pict file, picture file name);
       if ioresult = 0 then begin
         reset (pict file, pict size);
         if ioresult = 0 then begin
           case option of
             0 : text mode;
             1 : graph color mode;
             2 : hires mode;
             3 : SaveGraf mode;
             4 : drhalo mode;
             5 : mspaint mode;
           end;
           close (pict file);
           if ioresult = 0 then begin
             count := 0;
             while (count <= 10) and (not keypressed) do begin
               count := count + 1;
               delay (350);
```

```
end; { while }
if keypressed then read (kbd, ch);
end; { if ioresult }
end else message (4);
end else message (4);
end else message (3);
end else message (2);
end else message (1);
textmode (C80);
end.
```